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NEW QUESTION: 1

Select the answer that correctly completes the sentence.

When a generative AI model produces output that seems realistic but contains incorrect information, the behavior is known as

Answer Area

When a generative AI model produces output that seems realistic but contains incorrect information, the behavior is known as

Microsoft

data leakage.

model inaccuracy.

overreliance.

prompt injection.

Answer:

Answer Area

When a generative AI model produces output that seems realistic but contains incorrect information, the behavior is known as

Microsoft

data leakage.

model inaccuracy.

overreliance.

prompt injection.

Explanation:

model inaccuracy

The scenario describes a model producing plausible-sounding content that is factually wrong -a common generative AI failure mode often referred to as a "hallucination." Since "hallucination" is not offered in the dropdown, the best matching choice is model inaccuracy because the core problem is that the model's output is incorrect even though it appears confident and coherent. The other options do not fit the definition of the behavior: data leakage is about sensitive information being exposed (for example, proprietary prompts, secrets, or personal data). Prompt injection is an attack technique where a user tries to override system instructions or cause unsafe actions. Overreliance describes a human /organizational risk -trusting the model too much-rather than the model's intrinsic behavior of generating incorrect facts. Overreliance can be a consequence of this behavior, but it is not what the behavior itself is called.

In practice, you mitigate this kind of inaccuracy by grounding responses in trusted sources (for example, RAG), constraining prompts with explicit requirements, using verification steps (citations, cross-checking, tool-based validation), and adding human review for high-impact use cases.

NEW QUESTION: 2

Your company is developing an AI-powered customer support agent. You need to ensure that the solution follows Microsoft responsible AI principles. Which two actions should you perform? Select the two BEST answers. Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Retain all customer conversations.
- B. Test the agent to ensure that responses are inclusive and culturally sensitive.
- C. Enable the agent to operate independently.
- D. Ensure that the agent can be used for multiple purposes.
- E. Provide a clear disclaimer that users are interacting with an AI solution.

Answer: B,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

To align an AI customer support agent with Microsoft's Responsible AI principles, two high-impact actions are fairness/inclusiveness validation and transparency to users . B is correct because testing for inclusive and culturally sensitive responses directly supports fairness and helps reduce harm. In practice, you evaluate responses across diverse user personas, languages/dialects, accessibility scenarios, and sensitive contexts. You look for biased assumptions, stereotyping, exclusionary language, and disparate quality of service. This also implies ongoing monitoring because model behavior can drift as prompts, knowledge sources, and user inputs evolve.

E is correct because a clear disclaimer supports transparency: customers should know they are interacting with an AI system, understand the type of assistance it can provide, and know what to do if the response is incorrect or they need a human. A disclosure is also a practical risk-control that reduces overreliance and sets expectations about limitations.

The other options are not best for Responsible AI alignment: A (retain all conversations) can conflict with privacy/data minimization; retention must be justified and governed, not automatic. C (operate independently) undermines accountability and human oversight. D (multiple purposes) increases scope and risk rather than improving responsible use.

NEW QUESTION: 3

You are exploring how Microsoft 365 Copilot uses Microsoft Graph to deliver AI-powered experiences.

Which information in Microsoft Graph can Copilot use by default?

- A. data stored in a file share
- B. social media activity
- C. emails, files, meetings, and chats in Microsoft 365
- D. content from public websites

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 4

HOTSPOT - Select the answer that correctly completes the sentence.

You use _____ to train a model that will forecast product demand based on historical sales data.

You use  to train a model that will forecast product demand based on historical sales data.

Azure Machine Learning

Azure AI Search

Azure OpenAI

Microsoft Foundry

Answer:

You use  to train a model that will forecast product demand based on historical sales data.

Azure Machine Learning

Azure AI Search

Azure OpenAI

Microsoft Foundry

Explanation:

Azure Machine Learning

Forecasting product demand from historical sales data is a predictive analytics / machine learning use case.

It typically requires selecting an appropriate forecasting approach (for example, regression, tree-based methods, or time-series models), preparing and splitting historical data, training and validating the model, tuning hyperparameters, and then deploying the model for ongoing inference. The Microsoft service designed to support that end-to-end ML lifecycle is Azure Machine Learning , which is why it correctly completes the sentence.

Azure Machine Learning provides the tooling and infrastructure to: manage datasets, run training jobs on scalable compute, track experiments, compare model performance, register models, and operationalize them through managed endpoints and pipelines. This makes it well-suited for iterative forecasting work, where you may retrain on new data regularly, monitor drift, and update models as product lines, promotions, or seasonality patterns change.

The other options do not directly fit "train a model" for forecasting. Azure AI Search is an indexing/retrieval service used to search and ground generative AI responses, not for training predictive models. Azure OpenAI provides access to large language and multimodal models for generative tasks (drafting, summarizing, Q & A) and is not the primary platform for building classical forecasting models. Microsoft Foundry is a broader platform experience for building and governing AI apps and agents, but the specific service for training a forecasting model on historical sales data is Azure Machine Learning.

NEW QUESTION: 5

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

 Microsoft		Yes	No
Statements			
Microsoft Foundry helps organizations securely build and manage generative AI solutions in a governed environment.		☐	☐
Microsoft Foundry provides built-in scalability to enable organizations to expand AI workloads as usage increases.		☐	☐
Microsoft Foundry can be used for image recognition and computer vision tasks.		☐	☐

Answer:

Answer Area		Yes	No
Statements			
Microsoft Foundry helps organizations securely build and manage generative AI solutions in a governed environment.	☒	☐	
Microsoft Foundry provides built-in scalability to enable organizations to expand AI workloads as usage increases.	☒	☐	
Microsoft Foundry can be used for image recognition and computer vision tasks.	☒	☐	

Explanation:

Microsoft Foundry is positioned as a unified platform experience for building, optimizing, and governing AI applications and agents. Microsoft explicitly emphasizes "fleetwide security and governance" and the ability to build and manage AI in a unified environment, which directly supports statement 1 being Yes : it is designed to help organizations build and operate generative AI solutions with centralized governance controls (for example, environment setup, data isolation, access control, and operational management). For statement 2, Foundry supports scaling as demand increases . Microsoft documentation for Foundry- related model usage notes that as usage grows, Foundry can automatically increase quotas by moving users to higher tiers (and allows requesting additional quota). This is a concrete scalability mechanism tied to increased workload demand, so the statement is Yes . For statement 3, Foundry is not limited to text-only generative AI. Microsoft provides "Azure Vision in Foundry Tools," which delivers computer vision capabilities such as analyzing images, reading text (OCR), and other image-processing features. That means Foundry can be used for image recognition/computer vision workloads, so the statement is Yes .

NEW QUESTION: 6

Your company has a Microsoft 365 subscription and uses Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat. Some users need to build and use declarative agents that can access work data. Which type of license should you recommend for the users?

- A. a Microsoft 365 Copilot add-on license
- B. Microsoft Copilot Studio user license
- C. a Copilot Chat pay-as-you-go plan

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

The requirement is specific: users must build and use declarative agents that can access work data (tenant data / organizational context). Microsoft's licensing guidance for Copilot extensibility ties use of declarative agents to having the appropriate Copilot entitlement that enables tenant grounding and organizational data access. In Microsoft's cost and licensing considerations for declarative agents, Microsoft states that to use a declarative agent, users must have a Microsoft 365 Copilot add-on license (or an equivalent Copilot Chat add-on path tied to eligible licensing). Therefore, among the provided options, the best recommendation is A. Option B (Copilot Studio user license) is primarily about authoring/building agents in Copilot Studio, but it is not, by itself, the licensing prerequisite that grants end users the right to use those agents with full Microsoft 365 Copilot capabilities and work-data grounding inside the Microsoft 365 Copilot environment. Publishing /building can be separate from the end-user entitlement to use the agent with organizational context. Option C (Copilot Chat pay-as-you-go) can enable usage-based access to declarative agents in some configurations, but the question asks for the best license recommendation for users who need work-data access through declarative agents. The Microsoft 365 Copilot add-on is the straightforward, fully supported entitlement for that scenario.

NEW QUESTION: 7

- Select the answer that correctly completes the sentence.

When you use Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors to connect external content to _____, your users can find, summarize, and learn from line-of-business (LOB) data by using natural language prompts.

Answer Area

When you use Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors to connect external content to _____, your users can

- Azure AI Search
- Microsoft Graph
- Microsoft Purview
- Microsoft SharePoint



find, summarize, and learn from line-of-business (LOB) data by using natural language prompts.

Answer:

Answer Area

When you use Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors to connect external content to _____, your users can

- Azure AI Search
- Microsoft Graph
- Microsoft Purview
- Microsoft SharePoint

find, summarize, and learn from line-of-business (LOB) data by using natural language prompts.

Explanation:

Microsoft Graph

Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors (built on Microsoft Graph connectors) are used to bring external, line-of-business content into the Microsoft 365 ecosystem by ingesting it into Microsoft Graph. Once connected, the content can be indexed and made discoverable through Microsoft Search and available for Copilot experiences, enabling users to use natural language prompts to find and summarize relevant LOB information-subject to permissions and governance controls.

The other choices don't match how Copilot connectors are positioned. Azure AI Search is an Azure indexing/retrieval service used in custom RAG solutions, but Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors are specifically designed to surface external content through Microsoft 365 experiences via Graph. Microsoft Purview focuses on data governance, compliance, and risk management rather than being the primary ingestion target for Copilot connector content. SharePoint can store content, but the connector model is about indexing external systems into Microsoft Graph so the content becomes searchable and usable across Microsoft 365, not merely placing it into SharePoint as the destination.

So the correct completion is Microsoft Graph because that is the foundational data and indexing fabric Copilot uses to reason over organizational content with appropriate permission trimming.

NEW QUESTION: 8

Select the answer that correctly completes the sentence.

Prompt engineering is the process of _____.

Answer:

Answer Area

Prompt engineering is the process of

integrating AI-powered tools into business workflows.

identifying and fixing errors in AI-generated content.

designing, developing, and training generative AI models to produce contextually relevant content.

crafting clear instructions to guide generative AI solutions in generating context-appropriate content.

Explanation:

crafting clear instructions to guide generative AI solutions in generating context-appropriate content.

Prompt engineering is fundamentally about how you communicate intent to a generative AI model so it produces outputs that meet business expectations. The best completion is "crafting clear instructions to guide generative AI solutions in generating context-appropriate content" because it captures the practical, day-to-day discipline: shaping the input (prompt) with the right task framing, constraints, context, and output format.

In real deployments, prompt engineering includes specifying the role and objective (for example, "act as a customer support agent"), providing the necessary context (product details, policy excerpts, audience), adding explicit requirements (tone, length, must/must-not statements), and defining structured output (JSON fields, bullet sections, headings). It can also include adding examples (few-shot prompting), clarifying what to do when information is missing, and instructing the model to cite only provided sources or to ask follow-up questions. These techniques reduce ambiguity, improve consistency, and lower the risk of hallucinations or off-brand responses.

The other options are not accurate definitions. "Integrating AI-powered tools into business workflows" describes solution adoption/integration, not prompt engineering. "Identifying and fixing errors in AI-generated content" is review/editing or quality assurance. "Designing, developing, and training generative AI models" is model development/ML engineering. Prompt engineering operates without changing model weights ; it's about steering model behavior through well-constructed instructions and context.

NEW QUESTION: 9

- For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

Statements	Yes	No
A generative AI model guarantees factually accurate responses if the model is trained on a large dataset.	☐	☐
Content filtering and responsible AI safeguards help a generative AI model generate safe and inoffensive content.	☐	☐
A generative AI model always produces fair and unbiased results when the training data has been properly prepared and reviewed for fairness.	☐	☐

Answer:

Answer Area

Statements

A generative AI model guarantees factually accurate responses if the model is trained on a large dataset.

Yes

☐

No

☒

Content filtering and responsible AI safeguards help a generative AI model generate safe and inoffensive content.

☒☐

A generative AI model always produces fair and unbiased results when the training data has been properly prepared and reviewed for fairness.

☐☒

Explanation:

Answer Area

* A generative AI model guarantees factually accurate responses if the model is trained on a large dataset.

answer: No

* Content filtering and responsible AI safeguards help a generative AI model generate safe and inoffensive content. Answer: Yes

* A generative AI model always produces fair and unbiased results when the training data has been properly prepared and reviewed for fairness. Answer: No

* No - A larger training dataset can improve coverage and fluency, but it does not guarantee factual accuracy. Generative models can still hallucinate, mix concepts, or produce plausible-but-incorrect statements because they generate likely text rather than verifying truth. This is why solution designs commonly add grounding/retrieval, validation, and human review for high-stakes outputs.

* Yes - Content filtering and Responsible AI controls are specifically used to reduce harmful, unsafe, or policy-violating outputs . In practice, safeguards include input/output filters, safety classifiers, and governance controls that help enforce safety policies and minimize offensive content. These controls don't make outputs "perfect," but they materially reduce risk and are a standard part of production AI deployments.

* No - Even with careful data preparation and fairness reviews, models can still produce biased outcomes due to residual bias in data, label/measurement issues, deployment context, and shifting real- world distributions. "Always fair and unbiased" is an absolute claim that is not achievable in real systems; fairness is managed through continuous evaluation, monitoring, and mitigations-not assumed as guaranteed.

NEW QUESTION: 10

HOTSPOT - For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
Larger datasets can increase the cost of a generative AI solution that uses an Azure Machine Learning workspace.	☐	☐
The cost of consuming Azure OpenAI models is primarily identified by the number of input and output tokens processed.	☐	☐
The cost of custom generative AI solutions always remains the same regardless of the model version or capability used.	☐	☐

Answer:

Answer Area

Statements

Larger datasets can increase the cost of a generative AI solution that uses an Azure Machine Learning workspace.

The cost of consuming Azure OpenAI models is primarily identified by the number of input and output tokens processed.

The cost of custom generative AI solutions always remains the same regardless of the model version or capability used.

Yes

No



Microsoft

Explanation:

Answer Area

- * Larger datasets can increase the cost of a generative AI solution that uses an Azure Machine Learning workspace. Answer: Yes
- * The cost of consuming Azure OpenAI models is primarily identified by the number of input and output tokens processed. Answer: Yes
- * The cost of custom generative AI solutions always remains the same regardless of the model version or capability used. Answer: No
- * Yes - In Azure Machine Learning, cost is driven by the resources you consume to store, process, and train. Larger datasets typically require more storage, more data transfer, and more compute time for preprocessing, training, evaluation, and experimentation. Even if you are not training foundation models, handling larger corpora can increase pipeline duration and the number/size of compute instances used, which increases overall cost.
- * Yes - For Azure OpenAI usage under Standard (on-demand), pricing is primarily tied to token-based consumption (input tokens + output tokens). The more context you send and the longer the generated responses, the more tokens you consume, and the higher the cost. This is why prompt optimization, response length controls, and grounding strategies matter for cost management.
- * No - Costs vary with model choice and capability. Different model families and versions have different price points, and larger/more capable models generally cost more per token or per unit of throughput. Additionally, architecture choices (RAG, vector search, caching), usage patterns, and throughput requirements can significantly change total cost-so it is never "always the same."

NEW QUESTION: 11

HOTSPOT - Select the answer that correctly completes the sentence.

Microsoft 365 Copilot can be used to _____.

Answer Area

Microsoft 365 Copilot can be used to

- monitor network traffic and alerts in real time.
- create a Microsoft Word document.
- create a list in Microsoft SharePoint.
- modify administrative permissions for Microsoft SharePoint files.

Answer:



Explanation:

create a Microsoft Word document.

Microsoft 365 Copilot is a productivity-focused AI capability embedded across Microsoft 365 apps such as Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Outlook, and Teams. A core, common use case is drafting and generating documents in Word from prompts and existing context.

Therefore, "create a Microsoft Word document" is the best completion.

The other options are not appropriate for Microsoft 365 Copilot's scope. "Monitor network traffic and alerts in real time" is a security/operations function more aligned to security monitoring tools and, in Microsoft's product set, closer to Microsoft Security Copilot or dedicated SIEM/SOAR platforms (for example, Microsoft Sentinel). "Modify administrative permissions for SharePoint files" is an admin/governance action that is intentionally protected by role-based access control and is not something end-user Copilot features are meant to perform as a default capability. "Create a list in Microsoft SharePoint" is closer, because Copilot can assist in generating content and can work within Microsoft 365 collaboration contexts; however, the most universally accurate and directly supported capability among the options is creating/drafting a Word document, which is a primary Copilot scenario in Word.

In short, Microsoft 365 Copilot is designed to help users create, summarize, rewrite, and transform content within Microsoft 365 apps, and document creation in Word is a canonical example of that value.

NEW QUESTION: 12

Your company plans to implement a proof of concept PoC agent that uses Azure OpenAI. The solution must start small and provide flexibility to scale usage as demand grows. Which pricing model should you use?

- A. Microsoft 365 Copilot
- B. Batch API
- C. Provisioned PTUs
- D. Standard On-Demand

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

For a proof of concept, the key requirements are low commitment, quick start, and the ability to scale up or down as you learn what real usage looks like. Azure OpenAI Standard On-Demand pricing is designed for exactly that: you pay per token consumed (input and output) on a pay-as-you-go basis, which makes it ideal when demand is uncertain or variable-typical in early pilots and PoCs. By contrast, Provisioned (PTUs) is best when you have well-defined, predictable throughput and latency requirements -usually a more mature, production workload. PTUs involve reserving model processing capacity to achieve consistent performance and more predictable costs, which is usually premature for a PoC where actual traffic patterns are not yet known.

Batch API is optimized for asynchronous high-volume jobs with a target turnaround (for example, up to 24 hours) and discounted pricing. That's great for offline processing, but it does not match an interactive "agent" PoC that typically needs near-real-time responses and iterative testing.

Microsoft 365 Copilot is a separate SaaS licensing model and is not the Azure OpenAI pricing model for building your own agent solution.

NEW QUESTION: 13

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
Microsoft Foundry provides a unified platform for developers and data professionals to create custom end-to-end AI solutions.	☐	☐
Microsoft Foundry provides a unified platform for low-code developers and business users to create custom end-to-end AI solutions.	☐	☐
You need a Microsoft 365 Copilot license to access Microsoft Foundry services.	☐	☐

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
Microsoft Foundry provides a unified platform for developers and data professionals to create custom end-to-end AI solutions.	☒	☐
Microsoft Foundry provides a unified platform for low-code developers and business users to create custom end-to-end AI solutions.	☐	☒
You need a Microsoft 365 Copilot license to access Microsoft Foundry services.	☐	☒

Explanation:

Answer Area

- * Microsoft Foundry provides a unified platform for developers and data professionals to create custom end-to-end AI solutions.
answer: Yes
- * Microsoft Foundry provides a unified platform for low-code developers and business users to create custom end-to-end AI solutions.
answer: No
- * You need a Microsoft 365 Copilot license to access Microsoft Foundry services. Answer: No
- * Yes - Microsoft Foundry is positioned by Microsoft as a unified AI platform for building, deploying, and scaling AI apps and agents, with enterprise governance in a single environment. Microsoft explicitly describes Foundry as enabling developers (and, in broader descriptions, data professionals /enterprises) to build and operate AI solutions end-to-end, which aligns with the statement.
- * No - While Foundry can streamline AI development workflows and may include experiences that reduce complexity, the statement specifically targets low-code developers and business users creating custom end-to-end AI solutions. In Microsoft's ecosystem, that "low-code/business-user" agent/app- building lane is more directly associated with tools like Copilot Studio/Power Platform , whereas Foundry is primarily presented as the platform for developers and technical teams building and governing AI solutions. Therefore, as written, the statement is not the best characterization.
- * No - Access to Microsoft Foundry services is not gated by a Microsoft 365 Copilot license. Foundry is part of the Azure AI platform experience (formerly Azure AI Studio) and is accessed through Azure, using Azure subscription-based service consumption. Microsoft 365 Copilot licensing is for Microsoft 365 Copilot experiences, not a prerequisite to use Foundry services.

NEW QUESTION: 14

Your company sells hiking and camping gear online. You need a generative AI solution that can interact with customers and ask questions about their needs. What should you include in the solution?

- A. a chatbot
- B. computer vision
- C. a recommendation engine
- D. predictive AI

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 15

Your company receives thousands of scanned invoices each month. You need to recommend an AI solution that can automatically extract key details, such as invoice numbers, vendor names, and total amounts. What is the best solution to recommend? More than one answer choice may achieve the goal. Select the BEST answer.

- A. Azure Document Intelligence in Foundry Tools
- B. Azure Vision in Foundry Tools
- C. Azure AI Search
- D. Azure Machine Learning

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

For scanned invoices, the requirement is structured field extraction (invoice number/ID, vendor, totals) from document images or PDFs at scale. The best fit is Azure Document Intelligence because it is purpose-built for document processing and provides prebuilt invoice models that combine OCR with layout/structure understanding to extract common invoice fields into a structured output. Microsoft's invoice model is explicitly designed to analyze invoices (including scanned images) and return key fields and line items in structured form, which directly maps to this scenario.

Azure Vision (B) can perform OCR and basic image analysis, but OCR alone typically returns text without robust invoice-specific field interpretation (e.g., reliably identifying "Invoice ID" vs. "Order ID," totals vs. subtotals, vendor vs. ship-to). Document Intelligence is optimized for advanced document structure extraction and is therefore the "best" single recommendation.

Azure AI Search (C) focuses on indexing and retrieval/knowledge mining across a corpus; it's not the primary service for extracting invoice fields for downstream processing. Azure Machine Learning (D) could be used to build a custom model, but that adds cost and time compared with a prebuilt invoice extractor designed for this document type.

NEW QUESTION: 16

Your company stores thousands of reports and documents across multiple systems. You recommend using Azure AI Search as part of a new generative AI solution to improve information discovery. What is a key benefit of using Azure AI Search in this scenario?

- A. generates responses to customer questions without referencing the existing data
- B. queries and retrieves information from large collections of data by using natural language
- C. automates document workflows based on the document content
- D. improves model accuracy by fine-tuning organizational data

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Azure AI Search provides an indexing and retrieval layer that makes large, distributed document collections searchable in a consistent way. The key benefit in an information discovery scenario is that it can index content from many sources and then retrieve relevant

documents/passages using rich query capabilities, including natural language-style queries and semantic ranking. That directly aligns with B .

This retrieval capability is foundational for RAG architectures: the system uses Azure AI Search to find the best matching content, then supplies those results to a generative model so the answer is grounded in organizational knowledge. That improves relevance and reduces hallucinations because the model is guided by retrieved evidence.

Option A is the opposite of what you want-Search is used precisely to reference existing data. C is more aligned to workflow automation platforms (Logic Apps/Power Automate) and document processing services.

D describes fine-tuning, which is a different approach; Azure AI Search improves discovery and grounding through retrieval, not by changing model weights.

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NEW QUESTION: 17

Your company uses a fine-tuned generative AI solution trained on data that is representative of the general population. You discover that some of the generated responses include inappropriate or exclusionary language based on ableist assumptions. You need to prevent the inappropriate responses. Your solution must minimize costs. What should you do?

- A. Apply a newer version of the generative AI model.
- B. Apply a content-moderation filter.
- C. Create a new version of the solution that is trained on only inclusive and representative content.
- D. Create a new version of the solution that is trained on only exclusionary content.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

The problem is harmful output language (inappropriate or exclusionary/ableist content). The requirement says you must prevent those responses while minimizing costs . The most cost-effective and direct control is to add a content-moderation filter (B) to screen and block (or rewrite/escalate) responses that violate your safety or inclusion standards. Moderation can be applied at the output stage (and often also at input) without retraining the model, which keeps costs and delivery time low. It also provides an immediate safety layer even if the underlying model occasionally produces biased or exclusionary phrasing.

Option A is not reliable: a newer model version might reduce issues but does not guarantee elimination of ableist language, and you still need policy enforcement. Option C (retraining on only inclusive content) can help, but it is typically expensive (data curation, re-training, re-evaluation, regression testing, re-deployment) and not the "minimize costs" path-also it can reduce coverage/utility if overly restrictive. Option D is clearly wrong because it would amplify the harmful behavior.

In practice, the lowest-cost, high-impact approach is to implement moderation thresholds and handling actions (block, warn, regenerate with constraints, human review) and then, if needed, follow up later with deeper mitigations like prompt constraints, targeted fine-tuning, red-teaming, and continuous evaluation.

NEW QUESTION: 18

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
Allowing AI models to make autonomous decisions supports the Microsoft responsible AI principle of accountability.	☐	☐
Regularly testing AI models for fairness and inclusiveness helps ensure they align with Microsoft's Responsible AI principles.	☐	☐
Protecting user data and limiting access to personal information supports the Microsoft responsible AI principles of privacy and security.	☐	☐

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
Allowing AI models to make autonomous decisions supports the Microsoft responsible AI principle of accountability.	☐	☒
Regularly testing AI models for fairness and inclusiveness helps ensure they align with Microsoft's Responsible AI principles.	☒	☐
Protecting user data and limiting access to personal information supports the Microsoft responsible AI principles of privacy and security.	☒	☐

Explanation:

Answer Area

- * Allowing AI models to make autonomous decisions supports the Microsoft responsible AI principle of accountability. Answer: No
 - * Regularly testing AI models for fairness and inclusiveness helps ensure they align with Microsoft's Responsible AI principles. Answer: Yes
 - * Protecting user data and limiting access to personal information supports the Microsoft responsible AI principles of privacy and security. Answer: Yes
- Microsoft's Responsible AI principles emphasize that people and organizations must remain accountable for AI systems and their outcomes. Accountability is strengthened by governance, human oversight, clear ownership, auditability, and processes to review and address issues-not by letting models make unchecked autonomous decisions. Therefore, statement 1 is No : increasing autonomy can actually increase risk unless paired with human-in-the-loop controls and clear escalation paths, because accountability requires clear responsibility for decisions and impacts.
- Statement 2 is Yes because fairness and inclusiveness are explicitly supported through ongoing evaluation. Regular testing helps detect disparate impact, performance gaps across user groups, and unintended bias introduced by data drift or changes in usage patterns. It's not a one-time activity; it's continuous assurance that the system behaves appropriately as conditions change.
- Statement 3 is Yes because privacy and security are directly supported by protecting personal/sensitive data, enforcing least privilege access, and implementing controls such as data loss prevention, encryption, access logging, and strong identity governance. Limiting access to personal information reduces exposure and supports compliance obligations while aligning with privacy-by-design and secure-by-design expectations for AI-enabled solutions.

NEW QUESTION: 19

Match the business scenario to the appropriate AI solution design approach. Each solution may be used once, more than once, or not at all.

AI Solutions	Answer Area
Build with Azure Machine Learning	AI Solution The marketing department at your company wants AI to summarize emails and create presentations.
Build with Microsoft Copilot Studio	AI Solution The HR department at your company wants a conversational agent for policy questions and leave requests.
Extend with Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors	AI Solution The manufacturing department at your company wants AI to predict maintenance schedules.
Use Microsoft 365 Copilot	AI Solution The finance department at your company wants AI-powered access to enterprise resource planning (ERP) data by using familiar productivity tools.

Answer:

AI Solutions	Answer Area
Build with Azure Machine Learning	Use Microsoft 365 Copilot The marketing department at your company wants AI to summarize emails and create presentations.
Build with Microsoft Copilot Studio	Build with Microsoft Copilot Studio The HR department at your company wants a conversational agent for policy questions and leave requests.
Extend with Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors	Build with Azure Machine Learning The manufacturing department at your company wants AI to predict maintenance schedules.
Use Microsoft 365 Copilot	Extend with Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors The finance department at your company wants AI-powered access to enterprise resource planning (ERP) data by using familiar productivity tools.

Explanation:

Answer Area

* The marketing department at your company wants AI to summarize emails and create presentations.

answer: Use Microsoft 365 Copilot

* The HR department at your company wants a conversational agent for policy questions and leave requests. answer: Build with Microsoft Copilot Studio

* The manufacturing department at your company wants AI to predict maintenance schedules.

Build with Azure Machine Learning

* The finance department at your company wants AI-powered access to enterprise resource planning ERP data by using familiar productivity tools. answer: Extend with Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors These scenarios map to four distinct solution patterns: out-of-the-box productivity assistance, low-code conversational agents, predictive ML, and enterprise data integration.

Marketing's need to summarize emails and create presentations is a core "productivity copilot" use case.

Microsoft 365 Copilot is embedded in Outlook, Word, PowerPoint, and Teams, so it directly supports summarization, drafting, and presentation generation without building a custom solution-making Use Microsoft 365 Copilot the best fit.

HR's requirement is a conversational agent tailored to internal policies and workflows such as leave requests.

That typically needs custom dialog, grounded knowledge sources, and possibly actions/workflows. Microsoft Copilot Studio is designed to build and manage such agents with organizational knowledge and business process integration, so Build with Microsoft Copilot Studio fits best.

Manufacturing's predictive maintenance scheduling is classic predictive analytics: learning patterns from historical telemetry/maintenance data to forecast failures or optimal service windows. This is best addressed with Azure Machine Learning, which supports training, evaluating, and deploying custom predictive models.

Finance wants AI-powered access to ERP data "using familiar productivity tools," which implies bringing external line-of-business data into the Microsoft 365 Copilot experience. That is precisely where Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors help-indexing and exposing enterprise data sources so Copilot can reference them in a governed way-so Extend with Microsoft 365 Copilot connectors is the best approach.

NEW QUESTION: 20

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
Microsoft Copilot provides a single AI app that has identical features and experiences across all Microsoft products.	☐	☐
Microsoft 365 Copilot delivers AI capabilities for business users that use Microsoft 365 apps.	☐	☐
Microsoft Security Copilot helps companies understand risks and the organizational security posture.	☐	☐

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
Microsoft Copilot provides a single AI app that has identical features and experiences across all Microsoft products.	☐	☒
Microsoft 365 Copilot delivers AI capabilities for business users that use Microsoft 365 apps.	☒	☐
Microsoft Security Copilot helps companies understand risks and the organizational security posture.	☒	☐

Explanation:

Answer Area

- * Microsoft Copilot provides a single AI app that has identical features and experiences across all Microsoft products. Answer: No
- * Microsoft 365 Copilot delivers AI capabilities for business users that use Microsoft 365 apps. Answer: Yes
- * Microsoft Security Copilot helps companies understand risks and the organizational security posture. answer: Yes
- * No - "Copilot" is an umbrella brand across Microsoft, but the experiences are not identical . Different Copilots target different workloads (productivity, security, development, business apps) and therefore expose different capabilities, connectors, permissions models, and admin controls. For example, Microsoft 365 Copilot is embedded in Word/Excel/PowerPoint/Outlook/Teams, while Security Copilot is built for SOC workflows and integrates with security tooling; they are intentionally not the same app with the same features.
- * Yes - Microsoft 365 Copilot is specifically designed to deliver generative AI assistance for users working in Microsoft 365 applications . It enhances common business tasks such as drafting, summarizing, meeting recap, creating presentations, and working with documents and communications-directly inside the Microsoft 365 productivity suite.

* Yes - Microsoft Security Copilot is focused on security operations and helps analysts understand threats, investigate incidents, and improve visibility into security posture. Its purpose is aligned with helping organizations interpret security signals and risk context more efficiently, which supports understanding organizational risk and posture.

NEW QUESTION: 21

- Select the answer that correctly completes the sentence.

The Analyst agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot _____.

Answer Area

The Analyst agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot

compiles background research for a new market or initiative.

enables you to generate audio summaries of select references.

uses a conversational agent to answer employee FAQs.

uses structured data and provides insights by using text, charts, tables, and other visuals.

Answer:

Answer Area

The Analyst agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot

compiles background research for a new market or initiative.

enables you to generate audio summaries of select references.

uses a conversational agent to answer employee FAQs.

uses structured data and provides insights by using text, charts, tables, and other visuals.

Explanation:

uses structured data and provides insights by using text, charts, tables, and other visuals.

The Analyst agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot is positioned as a "data analysis" reasoning agent that helps users work through structured information (for example, tables, spreadsheets, and other dataset-like inputs) and then produces analytical outputs . The best completion is the option stating it "uses structured data and provides insights by using text, charts, tables, and other visuals," because that describes the hallmark outcome of analyst-style work: summarizing patterns, highlighting key drivers, and presenting results in formats that business users can act on. Analyst-style assistance typically includes exploring the data, identifying trends and anomalies, comparing segments, and explaining findings clearly-often accompanied by tables and visual representations that make the insights easier to consume.

The other dropdown options align to different use cases: "compiles background research for a new market or initiative" describes a research-oriented agent, "generate audio summaries" is a media summarization function, and "answer employee FAQs" describes a conversational knowledge assistant. Analyst is the one most directly associated with structured-data interpretation and producing a mix of narrative plus analytical artifacts (tables/charts) to communicate conclusions.

NEW QUESTION: 22

- For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area		
Statements	Yes	No
To use Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat, you must have a Microsoft 365 Copilot license.	☐	☐
Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat provides context-aware assistance in Microsoft 365 apps.	☐	☐
Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat can only access information in open files and read emails.	☐	☐

Answer:

Answer Area		
Statements	Yes	No
To use Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat, you must have a Microsoft 365 Copilot license.	☐	☒
Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat provides context-aware assistance in Microsoft 365 apps.	☒	☐
Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat can only access information in open files and read emails.	☐	☒

Explanation:

Answer Area

- * To use Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat, you must have a Microsoft 365 Copilot license. Answer: No
- * Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat provides context-aware assistance in Microsoft 365 apps. Answer: Yes
- * Microsoft 365 Copilot Chat can only access information in open files and read emails. Answer: No
- * No - Microsoft documents and pricing guidance indicate that Copilot Chat is available for eligible Microsoft Entra ID users with a qualifying Microsoft 365 subscription , and that capabilities can vary depending on whether users also have the Microsoft 365 Copilot add-on . In other words, Copilot Chat isn't universally "Copilot-license required" in all cases; the add-on impacts which premium work features are enabled, but the baseline chat experience can be available without assigning the add-on to every user.
- * Yes - Microsoft describes Copilot Chat as a side-by-side experience in select Microsoft 365 apps (for example Word, Excel, PowerPoint, OneNote, Outlook) that is aware of the user's open content , enabling context-aware help such as summarizing, drafting, and Q & A based on what the user is working on.
- * No - The word only makes this statement inaccurate. Copilot Chat can be grounded in more than just open files and emails (for example, it can also be grounded in the web, and-depending on licensing and configuration-can use agents/connectors for broader scoped tasks). So limiting it strictly to "open files and read emails" is too restrictive compared to how Microsoft positions the feature set.

NEW QUESTION: 23

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

Answer Area		
Statements	Yes	No
For a user to access organizational data from a mobile device, the user needs a Microsoft 365 Copilot license.	☐	☐
To reason over your organizational data by using Microsoft Graph, you need a Microsoft 365 Copilot license.	☐	☐
To use the Analyst agent, you need a Microsoft 365 Copilot license.	☐	☐

Answer:

Answer Area		
Statements	Yes	No
For a user to access organizational data from a mobile device, the user needs a Microsoft 365 Copilot license.	☐	☒
To reason over your organizational data by using Microsoft Graph, you need a Microsoft 365 Copilot license.	☒	☐
To use the Analyst agent, you need a Microsoft 365 Copilot license.	☒	☐

Explanation:

- * For a user to access organizational data from a mobile device, the user needs a Microsoft 365 Copilot license. No
 - * To reason over your organizational data by using Microsoft Graph, you need a Microsoft 365 Copilot license. Yes
 - * To use the Analyst agent, you need a Microsoft 365 Copilot license. Yes
- Top of Form Bottom of Form The key distinction here is between Copilot Chat capabilities available with a standard Microsoft 365 subscription and the full Microsoft 365 Copilot add-on that enables richer, in-context experiences grounded in organizational data.
- Mobile access to organizational data does not inherently require a Microsoft 365 Copilot license. Microsoft's Microsoft 365 Copilot app (and related mobile experiences) can provide Copilot Chat for work/school accounts with a Microsoft 365 license, so simply accessing organizational content on a mobile device is not the same as having the paid Copilot add-on. The statement claims a Copilot license is required just to access org data from mobile, which is too broad-there are mobile Microsoft 365 apps that access org data without the Copilot add-on.
- Reasoning over organizational data via Microsoft Graph is a core value proposition of Microsoft 365 Copilot. Microsoft documents explain that Microsoft 365 Copilot connects LLMs to your organization's content and context through Microsoft Graph and generates responses "anchored" in organizational data. That deeper integration is tied to the Microsoft 365 Copilot experience (an add-on license).
- Analyst is a "reasoning agent" within Microsoft 365 Copilot and Microsoft states that users with a Microsoft 365 Copilot license can use Analyst (with defined usage limits). Therefore, the Analyst agent requires the Microsoft 365 Copilot license.

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